COLONIST CHRISTMAS NUMBER . . NOW READY

The Daily Colonist.

THE LARGEST AND BEST selected stock of :: :: :: Chemicals and Toilet Articles in the Province at CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE, cor. Fort and Douglas Sts. INSPECTION INVITED.

VOL LXXIII.---NO. 31. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY JANUARY 17, 1895. THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

In a Friendly Way

Let us ask you to note carefully that lot of Ornaments, Fine Silver Buckles and other jewelry that we are showing The goods are exceedingly pretty, novel and stylish. See them, anyhow. : : : : : : : : :

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

The Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

"EL TRIUNFO"

HAVANA CIGARS

Why do all connoisseurs smoke the above brand? Because the standard of tobacco is kept up, and culls are never found.

SOLD BY ALL TOBACCONISTS,

AND WHOLESALE BY

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

JUST RECEIVED

EX STEAMSHIP MIOWERA.

CHOICE AUSTRALIAN

CREAMERY BUTTER

IN 56 POUND PACKAGES

AT

SIMON LEISER & CO.

oc18

BUY LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY'S WORLD-FAMOUS

Corned Beef . . .
Roast Beef . . . .
Lunch Tongues.
Etc., etc . . . . . .

NOT DEARER THAN OTHERS, BUT BETTER.

ja1-

DIRECT FROM THE ORIENT PER S. S. TACOMA

A large consignment of

ORIENTAL RUGS

The stock includes the following:

RICH IN COLOR.
FINE DESIGNS.
WELL FINISHED
VERY CHEAP.

10 ft. 6 x 12 ft.	6 ft. 0 x 9 ft. 6
9 ft. 0 x 12 ft.	4 ft. 0 x 7 ft. 0
8 ft. 0 x 10 ft.	3 ft. 0 x 6 ft. 0
7 ft. 6 x 10 ft.	2 ft. 6 x 5 ft. 0
7 ft. 6 x 9 ft.	3 ft. 0 x 20 ft. 0 (1 only)

And a few smaller ones.

See these Rugs at once.

WEILER BROS.

SECURITY

Is the most important feature in handling condensed milk. Your customers cannot afford to take any chances with milk that is being fed to babies.

"Reindeer" Brand Condensed Milk

Is recommended by eminent physicians as being especially adapted for FOOD FOR INFANTS.

EVERY TIN IS GUARANTEED

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

160 ACRES first-class farming land three miles from Chilliwack Town, easily worked and well drained, 15 acres cleared, balance light brush; will exchange for improved city property.

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government Street.

PULMONIC COUGH CURE

For Recent and Chronic COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE,

HALL & CO., PROPRIETORS, Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR ADOPTION—A boy, one year and a half old. Apply 17 Green street. ja16-3t

COUGHS AND COLDS ARE CURED BY LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE,

COCHRANE & MUNN, SOLE AGENTS.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for election as Alderman of the above ward for the ensuing year. It being impossible for me to call on all the electors personally, I take this opportunity of soliciting your votes and influence.

Your most obedient servant,
W. G. CAMERON.

Poll open to-day from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., at 27 Government street. ja17-1t

VICTORIA POULTRY

—AND—

DOG SHOW.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,

JANUARY 29, 30 AND 31st.

For Catalogue and Entry Forms address W. C. CHAMBERS, Sec., Victoria.

ja17

NOTICE.

The Canadian Mutual Loan & Investment Co., of Toronto,

—HAVE APPOINTED—

LEE & FRASER,

—OF THIS CITY—

Inspectors of Agencies for the Province.

The branches affected by the appointment are: Victoria, Vancouver, Westminster, Nanaimo, Wellington, Union, Comox, Chilliwack, Kamloops, Golden, Field, Enderby and Vernon. ja17-1t

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

BARQUE CARMONEY, Capt. Jno. Smyth.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel without their written order. R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Agents.

ja17

THE VICTORIA

Liberal Conservative Asso'n.

Owing to the public meeting called for Tuesday Evening, the 15th instant, the meeting of the Victoria Liberal Conservative Association announced for that date is hereby adjourned for one week, and will be held on

Tuesday, 22nd Instant, at 8 p m.

By order.
A. STEWART POITS, Secretary.

ja9-td

DIED.

JONES—On the 16th instant, Lavina Jones, a native of St. John, New Brunswick, aged 89 years.

The funeral will take place on Friday at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, 35 Henry street, Rock Bay.

METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE.

Mr. Stupart the New Director of the Magnetic Observatory at Toronto.

By order-in council dated December 28, 1894, Mr. R. F. Stupart has been appointed director of the magnetic observatory, Toronto, and director of the meteorological service of Canada in succession to the late Professor C. Carpmael, who died recently in England.

Mr. Stupart has during the illness of Professor Carpmael been the acting director of the service, and has for many years been one of the inspectors of stations, on whom devolve the duties of making the daily weather predictions from the telegraphic reports.

It is a matter of special congratulation that the Dominion is able to secure among her own sons one who can successfully fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late distinguished director. The knowledge obtained by a personal inspection of and acquaintance with all the observing stations in the Dominion cannot fail to be of the greatest practical value to Mr. Stupart.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Schooners C. D. Rand, Capt. J. J. Whiteley and Mary Taylor, Capt. R.O Lavender, left port yesterday. They will be the first of the home fleet to begin sealing operations on this coast. The Mary Taylor carries a crew of 18 whites while the Rand will complete her crew with Indians.

Tug Velos left for Port Angeles yesterday to tow the schooner Benta from there to the Brunette mills where she loads lumber for San Pedro.

The Maude left for Nanaimo yesterday with freight ex steamship Tacoma from the Orient.

Steamer Portland is expected to leave the Esquimalt marine railway to-day or to morrow.

Bark Datroit shifted yesterday to Esquimalt where she will complete her repairs.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" Princess Louise	"	N. Westminster.
" Evangel	"	Port Angeles.
" Mogul	"	Nanaimo.
Slp Bertha	"	Saanich.
" Lulu	"	Mud Bay.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for	Vancouver
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" Princess Louise	"	N. Westminster.
" Evangel	"	Port Angeles.
Slp Fenella	"	Pender Island.
" Lulu	"	Mud Bay.

AGITATED FRANCE.

How the Resignation of President Casimir Perier is Regarded —Press Comments.

Farewell Letter of Withdrawal—Its Reception in the Chambers— The Socialists.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The city has been intensely excited throughout the day. A meeting of ministers was held at 1 o'clock this morning for the purpose of discussing the changed situation. There was a full attendance of the members of M. Dupuy's cabinet, and the gravity of the position was fully taken into consideration. Although the regulations forbid street vendors from starting out before 8 o'clock in the morning (an ordinance which includes the prohibition of the sale of newspapers by carriers), the newsboys were allowed this morning to begin their sales before daybreak. The announcement of the resignation of the President came like a thunder bolt to thousands of persons, and everyone was asking the reason for the President's sudden action. Various reasons were given by the newspapers, but none of them seemed to satisfy any great number of people.

Le Matin was very severe in its criticism of the Pres dent's course, and declared that instead of running away at the first hostile demonstration of his enemies he should have dissolved the chamber and submitted his position to the judgment of the people of the Republic.

Some newspapers declared that Casimir-Perier had become physically unable to resist the impulse to resign. He had, it was alleged, been subjected to most extreme nervous tension ever since he first became prominent as a candidate for the presidency, and it was asserted that after his election he flung himself upon a couch where he remained completely prostrated for several hours. Since then he has repeatedly given way to the intense nervous strain put upon him. When M. Burdeau, the president of the chamber of deputies, died, M. Casimir-Perier was deeply affected and, it is said, he has not since recovered from the shock which the announcement of his friend's death gave him.

All of the groups in the Chamber of deputies held meetings this morning to discuss the situation. The ground was thoroughly gone over, but no decision was arrived at in regard to the selection of candidates for the succession to the Presidency. The names of Felix Faure, Loubet, Waldeck, Rosseau and Brisson were mentioned and discussed, but definite decisions were reserved pending the developments of the day. The supporters of the government are willing to re-elect Casimir Perier, but failing in this, because of his refusal to accept, or for any other reason, it is regarded as likely that they will support M. Dupuy.

Shortly before the assembling of the Chamber of Deputies the cabinet again went to the palace, where they were closeted with M. Casimir-Perier for half an hour. The Chamber of Deputies was called to order by the President, M. Brisson, promptly at 3 o'clock. M. Brisson announced the receipt of a message from President Casimir-Perier, which he read as follows:

"Messieurs les Senateurs, Deputes: I have never concealed from myself the difficulties of the task which the national assembly imposed upon me. I have foreseen them, but, although one doesn't refuse a post in the moment of danger, one only retains the position with dignity under the conviction that he is serving the country. The President of the Republic deprived of the means of acting can only find confidence in his reliance upon the nation. Without this his situation is powerless. I do not doubt the good sense and justice of France, but the public opinion has been misled. Neither my twenty years devotion to democratic institutions nor my deep attachment to the republic was sufficient to convince all republicans of the sincerity and ardor of my political faith, nor to disabuse my adversaries, who believe or affect to believe that I will make myself an instrument of their passions and their hopes. During the past six months a campaign has been conducted of defamation and insults against the army, the magistracy (here a Socialist shouted, "and rightly!"), parliament and an irresponsible chief of state. This liberty of fomenting social hatred continues to be called liberty of thought. The respect and ambition I have for the country will not permit me to allow certain men every day to insult the best servants of the fatherland (at this point the reading was interrupted by loud hisses among the socialist deputies), and the man who represents France in the eyes of the foreign nations. I cannot resign myself to compare the weight of moral responsibility resting upon me with the impotence to which I am condemned. Perhaps I shall be understood if I affirm that constitutional fictions cannot silence the demands of political conscience. Perhaps by abandoning my functions I shall leave the duty to those who are still pre-occupied with the dignity of the office and who have a care for the good name of France before the world. Unchangingly faithful to myself, I remain convinced that reforms can be carried out with the active concurrence of a government which is resolved to assure respect for the laws and determined to ensure the obedience of their subordinates and group them all in common action for the common aim. I have faith despite the sadness of the presentiment in the future progress of France and in the future of social justice. I lay on the table of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies my resignation of the functions.

(Signed) CASIMIR-PERIER."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair. San Francisco.

Fell & Co. have a well selected stock of wines and liquors for the Christmas trade.

Dolls at Cheapside. *

"No-To-Bac" cures the tobacco habit. For sale at Bowes' drugstore, 27 Johnson St. *

Some people laugh to show their pretty teeth. The use of Ivory White Tooth Powder makes people laugh more than ever. It's so nice. Price 25c. Sold by druggists.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. W. Williams & Co., 28 Broad street. *

Best electro plated goods, at Cheapside. *

GENERAL BOOTH'S SCHEME.

It Is Desperately in Need of an Over-Sea Colony as an Outlet for Its Work.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 16.—(Special)—General Booth, chief of the Salvation Army, arrived here to-day and addressed a mammoth meeting in Grace church to-night. While here the General is the guest of Mr. R. J. Whitla, one of Winnipeg's prominent merchants. In an interview the General said he was greatly pleased with his trip through the West.

"In what shape is your colonization scheme at present, so far as Canada is concerned?" was asked.

"It is in the air. That is, nothing has been as yet decided, and part of my work on this trip is to see what the Canadian provinces have to offer in the way of land that would be suitable for the colony which it is proposed to found. In British Columbia I had an interview with the ministers, who were anxious to do what they could, but they were not sure they had land suitable for the purpose."

"Is your scheme in England in present need of a colony?" was asked.

"Desperately in need," was the reply. "On the one hand it is needed to complete the scheme, and doubtless many people are withholding their support until they see it in its entirety. Then again, I am like a man in a blind street. After men come and work faithfully and hard for eighteen months or two years, we have no place to which to send them out to begin for themselves. For this reason, too, we have not been able to do much with the married men. We want an over-sea colony as an outlet to our work."

TORONTO TOPICS.

Temperance Men Disappointed Over Prohibition Appeal—Additional Fire Protection Appliances.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—(Special)—Temperance men here are disappointed over the judgment of the supreme court on the prohibition question. Some favor the government carrying the appeal to the Privy Council. It is scarcely likely the government will do that, as the opinion of the highest legal authorities here is that the province has not a right to enforce prohibition. There may, however, be an appeal if the temperance people bring sufficient influence to bear on the government.

At a special meeting of the council it was decided to purchase additional fire engines in order to prevent the proposed increase in insurance rates.

A canvass for the new city directory shows the addition of 1,500 names to the city's population compared with last year's figures.

It is likely that W. F. Maclean, M.P., will have at the next Dominion elections in East York the noted criminal lawyer, B. B. Osler, as an opponent.

The United Fire Insurance Co. of Manchester, England, has decided to discontinue business in Canada. It has been doing business in Canada since 1891.

Lester Provins, son of Alexander Provins of this place, was killed at St. Mary's, Ohio, while working a machine at an oil well.

The annual meeting of the Toronto Street Railway Co. was held to-day. The financial statement presented shows a net profit for the year of $250,695, representing an earning power of four per cent. on the company's capital of $6,000,000. The gross earnings during the year were $958,370.

Arthur Wm. Rafter, aged 57, a well to do farmer, dropped dead yesterday.

DUKE OF ARGYLE.

Taken Suddenly Sick He Faints Away at a Political Meeting in Glasgow.

GLASGOW, Jan. 16.—While the Duke of Argyle was addressing a political meeting in this city last evening he suddenly became pale, his voice sank to a whisper, and he reeled and fell insensible into the arms of Lord Kelvin. The audience became greatly excited. The Duke shortly re-opened his eyes, gazed vacantly around and slowly recovering consciousness asked friends to telegraph for his son, the Marquis of Lorne. His daughter, Lady Frances, was present. The physicians agreed that the Duke's condition was critical, and decided to remain with him during the night. At midnight Dr. Anderson said that the Duke had suffered an attack of syncope, but there had been no return of the faintness. The doctors experienced great difficulty in restoring the patient's temperature.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

The Unemployed Call on the Mayor and Talk of a Physical Force Association.

MONTREAL, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—About 4,000 unemployed workmen surrounded the city hall this morning, and a deputation, introduced by William Darlington, interviewed the mayor. Mr. Darlington stated that he had been asked to organize a physical force association. Three hundred anarchists could be mustered in Montreal just now, he said. The mayor appointed Friday next for a public meeting to discuss the subject of relieving the unemployed.

The Court of Appeal this morning rejected the appeal of the city in the case of Gauthier and others against the city.

An Italian named Rigande, who fired at the chief of police in Ayr, Mass., some time ago, with intent to kill, was arrested here yesterday and sent back.

Speculation in New York Quiet.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Speculation on the stock exchange was more quiet than usual to-day, only 97,525 shares changing hands. The closing bids were: Atchison & Santa Fe, 4⅝; Burlington & Quincy, 71⅝; Canada Southern, 49¾; Canadian Pacific, 56½; Central Pacific, 141; Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis, 38¼; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 162½; Erie, 10; Wells Fargo, 106; Great Northern, preferred, 102; Lake Shore 139½; New York Central, 99½; New York & New England, 13⅝; North American, Co, 3⅝; Northern Pacific, 13¾; Northern Pacific, preferred, 17⅝; North Western, 96¼; Oregon Navigation, 20; Oregon Improvement, 11; Pacific Mail, 22¾; Reading, 12¾; Rock Island, 163⅝; St. Paul, 56½; Texas Pacific, 9¼; Union Pacific, 11⅛; Western Union, 87⅜; Bar silver, 59⅝c. per ounce.

Finest Chocolate creams in the city, 25c. a pound, at Montgomery's 42 Government. *

Sheffield cutlery, all kinds, at Fox's. *

CAPITAL NOTES.

Imperial Legislation Required for the Appointment of a Deputy Speaker of Senate.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell Looking Remarkably Well—Duty on Boomsticks to Come Off.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Jan. 16.—A dispatch has been received from the colonial office stating that the law officers of the Crown say that the bill passed by parliament last session for the appointment of the Deputy Speaker of the Senate is quite within the jurisdiction of parliament, but in view of the strong opinions advanced by some senators, it may be well for the Imperial parliament to pass a declaration act, and it will doubtless be done at the coming session.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell took a short drive to-day, and afterwards attended a meeting of the cabinet. Your correspondent saw the Premier for a few minutes after the council. He is looking in splendid health, and says that he feels remarkably well. At times his cough troubles him, but it is gradually leaving him.

It is expected that in a few days the duty on boomsticks will be removed, assurances having been received from Washington that the United States is reciprocating.

VICTORIA'S NEW POST OFFICE.

Mr. Toms, the Contractor, Has Arrived and Will Start Work as Soon as Possible.

In a short time the construction of the splendid new post office building and custom house to be erected by the Dominion government in Victoria will be commenced. Mr. Fred. Toms, the contractor for the work, and Mr. G. J. Wilson, his foreman, have arrived from Ottawa, and steps will be taken to proceed as soon as possible with the contract.

Mr. Toms said yesterday that by another month he expected to have men at work putting in the foundations. It would take him a short time to get his preliminary preparations arrangeed, as he would among other things have to visit the various quarries to pick out the best material for the granite foundations and sandstone superstructure. Then there are the many other necessary preliminaries to arrange for the carrying out of such a large contract. Mr. Toms has been contractor for many big undertakings from one end of Canada to the other, and has just completed a large public building in Nova Scotia. He will remain here probably till May, and Mr. Wilson will stay in Victoria superintending the construction of the new building until its completion, which Mr. Toms expects will be in about two years. If it were in the East he would calculate on two years and a half, but the mild winters on the Coast allow building operations in months when they could not be carried on in the East. Naturally on a work for which the contract price is slightly under $200,000 there will be employment for a good many men, and Victorians may well feel pleased to see the inauguration of a public building that will when completed be a pride and ornament to the city.

Mr. Wilson is no stranger to Victoria. He was in British Columbia a number of years ago and was engaged in carrying out contracts in connection with the building of the C.P.R. in this province.

JOHN TEAGUE FOR MAYOR.

TO THE EDITOR:—In the COLONIST of Saturday, January 6, 1894, was an editorial article under the caption "A Practical Man," in which were the following sentences:

"Mr. Teague is a man of affairs. He has no hobbies and he does not bother his head about fads.

"He addresses himself to the business in hand and says no more about even that than is necessary.

"He is a worker rather than a talker or a writer. This is the kind of man that the citizens ought to have to manage the city's affairs. Mr. Teague knows the city thoroughly. He has seen it grow up, and has by his own individual exertions aided its growth very materially. He knows exactly what it wants, and if he had the opportunity and if the means were placed at his disposal, he would supply its needs without an hour's unnecessary delay or a word of superflous discussion. He would, in the management of the city's affairs, put an end to shilly-shally, and he would give no encouragement to the policy of chatter. The work to be done is always, with him, the principal thing, and he does not allow trifles to stand in the way of its being accomplished.

"Mr. Teague has won a high place in the community by the diligent and faithful exercise of the very virtues and talents which the city now require in its mayor. Would it not be wise in the citizens, now that they have the chance, to enlist those virtues and those talents in their service?"

Now sir, I, as a ratepayer of this city, can state that it is my opinion and I believe it is the opinion of a majority of the ratepayers of this city that Mayor Teague has, by his actions during the past year, proved that he was thoroughly deserving of such warm praise and laudatory mention at your hands. Permit me, dear sir, to ask, through the medium of your paper, the ratepayers of this city to read the words of commendation which appeared in the COLONIST of January last year and which I give above, and ask themselves if Mayor Teague has by any act proved himself unworthy of the praise accorded him at that time.

I leave it to the ratepayers of this city to deal fairly with Mr. Teague in this matter. If my own humble opinion is worth anything, I can go so far as to say that John Teague has been one of the best mayors which Victoria has ever had.

RATEPAYER.

Victoria, B.C., January 16, 1895.

Dear Sirs,—I have used Yellow Oil for two or three years, and think it has no equal for croup. Mrs. J. S. O'Brien, Huntsville, Ont.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and all looseness of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 35c.

Something new in bon-bons at Fell & Co.'s, Fort street.

SLOUGH CREEK MINE.

The Work of Sinking Shafts and Running Tunnels to Be Vigorously Pushed.

A Harvest of Golden Wealth the Goal Desired—Machinery and Supplies Forwarded.

The Slough Creek Mining Company, whose works are situated on Slough Creek, about four miles from Stanley on the Cariboo wagon road, and ten miles from Barkerville, were the first to attempt deep mining on this stream. They have a lease of three miles, extending from Burns' Creek down stream and including the mouths of Devil's Canon, Coulter Creek and Nelson Creek, all of which have paid handsomely in the old days, while the benches of Slough Creek have been mined for many years down to the present. It has always been held by the miners of Cariboo that the bed of Slough Creek contained an abundance of gold, but the depth to be attained was always a bar against an attempt to reach the golden wealth contained therein. Recent years have brought many innovations in mining processes, and among these was the introduction of well-boring machinery for the prospecting of deep ground. By this simple and comparatively inexpensive method it is possible to discover the character of the ground through which a shaft has to be sunk, the depth to bedrock, and also to determine whether gold is to be found on the way down or at the bottom. It was in 1893 that a boring machine was placed at the mouth of Nelson Creek, and several holes sunk. The character of the ground was learned, and many colors secured on the way down and when bedrock was reached. The channel of Slough Creek was found to be 245 feet from the surface to bedrock. Good colors were found in the surface gravel, in the clay and in the underlying gravel. It was also shown that a shelving bench of shallow bedrock extended from the bank at the mouth of Nelson Creek over four hundred feet, of a depth of from 40 to 45 feet, and that this ended in a sudden descent to the bottom of Slough Creek, which as before stated, is reached at 245 feet from the surface.

Having determined these facts, the company at once began the work of sinking a shaft. A shaft house was built and the work proceeded. The surface water proved to be greater than anticipated, and to overcome this a tunnel drain was run in 2,150 feet from down stream to the mouth of the shaft. Before this was completed the company let a contract to a syndicate to sink the shaft to bedrock, it taking as pay therefor paid-up stock as the work proceeded. This company placed in two thirty horse power boilers, a pump with a discharge of 250 gallons to the minute, and a hoisting plant of one ton capacity. The shaft was then sunk to a depth of 63 feet, when it was proved that greater pumping power was needed. This was some three months ago. The contractors then determined to add to the capacity of the pumps so that it would be possible to handle any water that might be encountered. They had first to determine the make of pump most suitable for the purpose, and after correspondence with various mining pump manufacturers finally prepared a special design of pump, four of which have now been built by Moran Bros., of Seattle. This firm had placed in a plant to build the immense pumps for the Port Orchard dry dock, and were in good shape to handle the work. Delay, however, in the production of the mining pumps was caused by the firm having the dry dock pumps in hand; but a short time since they and the necessary gearing, etc., for working them were completed and started on their way to Slough Creek.

The pumps are of special design and were built under the personal supervision of the chief contractor. They are so made that they can be raised and lowered in the shaft, or attached to the sides as required. Two pumps are joined together, with an eight inch suction and six inch discharge, placed between the two; but they can be worked independently. The machine is held in suspension by steel cables attached to hooks on the top, but it can be made stationary to the side of the shaft with steel clamps attached to the side. These two twin pumps have a combined capacity of one thousand gallons per minute, and with the pump now in place the mine will possess a pumping plant of 1,250 gallons per minute. This is more than sufficient to take care of any water that may be met with. The contractors were determined, however, to place themselves in a position to meet any emergency, so that any further delay in driving towards bed rock would not occur. Arrangements have been made with the founders so that duplicates of any parts which might become broken can be ordered by wire. Supplies for the camp of twenty-five men for six months have also been purchased and have been forwarded with the machinery. All this is now at Ashcroft awaiting transfer by team to the works on Slough creek, and amounts altogether to over twenty tons in weight. Contracts have been let for the freighting, and as the roads are now in good condition for sleighing and will be kept open this work will be promptly carried out.

The intention of the contractors is to at once put on two ten-hour shifts, so that the work of sinking and running a tunnel will proceed night and day. For the past couple of months a number of men have been engaged in cutting fuel and sawing lagging for timbering the shaft and tunnels, the company having their own sawmill for this purpose, so that in reality work has not been stopped at the mine at any time during the past year. The present drain tunnel is to be extended from a point three hundred feet below the shaft for a distance of four hundred feet across Slough creek to the rim rock at the mouth of Nelson creek. The boring machine proved that this bench of shallow bed-rock extended over four hundred feet from the mouth of Nelson creek to where the channel of Slough creek suddenly dips to the 245-feet depth. The gravel between the surface and the shallow bed-rock has been proved by prospecting to contain a large amount of gold. A shaft will be sunk from the surface at a point where the drain extension strikes the rim-rock, and be continued to the old channel if necessary.

The Slough Creek Co. have been practical and energetic in their operations. They are determined that bed-rock on this hitherto virgin mining ground shall be reached and its store of golden wealth brought to the light of day to gladden the hearts of its promoters and shareholders. The fact that it contains the golden wash of many hills and that the creeks emptying into it have yielded rich returns has always caused the Cariboo miner to predict a harvest of gold when its depths had been worked. Mining engineers and geologists who have visited and examined the ground have always coincided in this opinion with the practical miner. When the machinery which is now on its way is hard at work it will not be many months before the truth of the matter will be known. All who know the ground expect that even the most extravagant predictions will be verified. For the sake of old Cariboo and the enterprising men who have invested their money and energy in pushing the project ahead, it is to be hoped that their most sanguine expectations will be more than realized.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Chinatown a Menace to the Health of Vancouver—Trains Delayed by Accidents.

Fire at the R.C. Orphanage—A Murderer's Farewell to His Family.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 16.—Mr. Nosi, the new Japanese consul here, has arrived. Mr. Nosi was for some time stationed in Korea. He says the Chinese army in the North are in a bad way, starving and ragged, without discipline and wretchedly armed.

Trains were delayed recently by two slight accidents. At Shuswap a freight ran into a mud slide, the conductor and fireman being slightly injured, and at Port Haney a freight was ditched with comparatively small loss.

The Health Inspector's report states that Chinatown is a menace to the public health. He does not approve of the council's method of appointing a milk inspector who cannot analyse milk. He reports that diphtheria is on the increase, but that the present asphalt pavements are particularly healthful in a sanitary sense.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Jan. 16 — The Roman Catholic orphanage caught fire last night and it was some time before the flames were controlled. Seventy children were in the building, and but for the admirable coolness and presence of mind of the sisters and the promptness of the firemen a terrible calamity would have happened.

The reduction of civic salaries amounts to $6,290.

Louis Victor, murderer of the Cheam policeman, bade his last farewell to his wife and child last night. He broke down for the first time since his trial and wept bitterly.

An undertaker's assistant yesterday took the body of Ashford, who murdered his wife and child on December 22, to the cemetery and buried it. No one was present.

Fred. Glover of the Columbian received the sad news yesterday of the death of his father at Winnipeg.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Jan. 15 —The municipal elections for North Cowichan took place at the agricultural hall yesterday. The following were the results: Reeve, S. Horace Davie, re-elected; Chemainus ward, Frank Lloyd, re-elected; Somenos ward, John N. Evans, re-elected; Cowichan and Comiaken ward, Thomas A. Wood, re-elected. A contest will be held in Quamichan, for which ward ex-Councillor W. C. Duncan and Mr. Angus McKinnon have been nominated.

The recent heavy freshet caused considerable stir here, and the dams and protection works near the railway bridge were the centre of attraction for sightseers until yesterday when, when after a steady fall of the water during the previous night, all danger for the time being was over. Happily no serious damage was done, the efforts of the workmen on Saturday and Sunday last in patching and repairing small breaches in the dam constructed last year by the Provincial government having successfully averted the threatened danger.

THE WHITE HORSE FIRE.

Opening of the Investigation Into Its Cause and Attendant Circumstances.

An investigation into the origin of two fires which occurred recently at the White Horse saloon was held at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Magistrate Macrae and a jury consisting of Messrs. Pendray, Flewin, King, Weiler and Lettice heard the evidence. Mr. F. B. Gregory appeared for Mr. Rollins, proprietor of the White Horse hotel. Mr. H. Murray, clerk in the office of the B.C. Land and Investment Company, testified that the contents of the building were insured for $1,600. After the first fire he inspected the building and was of opinion that the work of extinguishing the blaze was complete.

J. Hurst testified that he appraised the loss and considered the damage to the building to be not more than $750; on furniture, $700; on fixtures, $110; on piano, $18. The stock of liquors and cigars had been removed. No loss occurred to them from fire and water. He therefore did not appraise the loss on the stock.

J. Oxley testified that he dropped a lamp on the stove while looking for the first fire. The proprietor of the building stated that the family were at supper in the card room when a passer-by called out that the house was on fire; he ran upstairs and then started for the nearest box to alarm the firemen. After the fire witness visited the room and noticed a broken lamp behind the door. He was present when Chief Deasy took another lamp from under the bed; went upstairs between 10 and 11 o'clock when the Chief returned to examine the premises. He had closed the saloon about 10:45 and slept on a lounge until awakened at 3 o'clock next morning. The firemen were twenty minutes responding to the second alarm and the fire was put out shortly after they arrived. The piano was on the ground floor and remained in a room throughout the fire; did not tell the firemen about the piano. When Chief Deasy arrived at the second fire he said to witness: "She's going this time," or "You've done it this time," or something of the kind.

At 5:30 o'clock the investigation was postponed until 10 o'clock this morning, when evidence will be heard in the city council chambers.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dyspepsia causes Dizziness, Headache, Constipation, Variable appetite, Rising and Scuring of Food, Palpitation of the Heart, Distress after Eating. Burdock Blood Bitters is guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia if faithfully used according to directions.

Babies

and rapidly growing children derive more benefit from Scott's Emulsion, than all the rest of the food they eat. Its nourishing powers are felt almost immediately. Babies and children thrive on Scott's Emulsion when no other form of food is assimilated.

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, enriches the blood, overcomes wasting and gives strength to all who take it. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Emaciation, Consumption, Blood Diseases and all Forms of Wasting. *Send for pamphlet. Free.*
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

:: READ THIS. ::

FOR SALE OR LEASE

ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS,

A Magnificent Farm

Of rich black soil, situated on Lulu Island, North Arm Fraser River, B.C., being composed of west halves of Lots 12 and 13 and part of 1, Block 4 North, Range 7 West. 200 acres, more or less; over one-half under good cultivation, mostly in meadow, the balance having been ploughed once or twice and yielding abundance of grass for stock; has a very large barn house and orchard of good bearing trees, all well fenced with stakes and boards; all well dyked and ditched, and about two-thirds well underdrained; is six or seven miles from the City of Vancouver; good roads, with stages to and from Vancouver daily; the river at the door teems with salmon, and has excellent shooting for ducks, geese and snipe; also pheasants in the near future; good school and churches near by; climate lovely and scenery simply charming. We particularly wish to sell out, but failing which, shall lease to party with sufficient capital to stock and work the place properly. For further particulars apply to J. H. TODD & SON, owners, Victoria, B.C., or to Messrs. Rand Bros., Vancouver. de27

40-ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Situated half way between Chemainus and Maple Bay, and within 3 miles of Hall's Crossing, on the E. & N. Railway and ten miles from Duncan's. Five acres are under cultivation, and the balance has been slashed and burned, and with a slight expense can all be made ready for crop. The property is well situated, having a half mile frontage on the water. There is excellent water on the property for all purposes. There is a small house and barn on the land. For anyone requiring a small farm or a charming country seat, the above will be found well suited to their desire. The property, including various implements, will be sold for $2,000. Terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to "Rancher," care of The Colonist.
no22-tf

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

Large, modern built, nine-roomed house, with reception hall and fine basement: good stable; over three acres in all, with orchard, garden, etc. Apply on premises, to R. P. McLENNAN, 145 Gorge Road. de19-1m

FOR SALE OR RENT.

WINTERBOURNE RISE,

The residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to
de30 1m LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

VICTORIA ARM.

FOR SALE—One of the finest sites on the Arm. Deep water frontage and running back to Gorge Road. Contains one and one-eighth acres, seven-roomed house, stables, etc. City water laid on. Twenty minutes' walk from tram car. Will be sold cheap. Apply to SWINERTON & ODDY, corner Gormment and Yates streets, or FLINT & PROSSER, Broad street. je5

TO INVESTORS.

Tenders are invited, and will be received until Monday, 28th January, 1895, for the purchase of the whole or of any portion of the following: 535 shares New Westminster Gas Co., Ld., each $240, fully paid up; 244 Nanaimo Gas Co., Ld., each $50.00, fully paid up; 18 shares Victoria-Phœnix Brewing Co., Ld., each $100.00, fully paid up: 2 shares British Columbia Board of Trade, Ld., each $100.00, fully paid up.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ROBERT BEAVEN, } Trustees.
J. STUART YATES, }
Box 247, Victoria.

Victoria, B.C., 11th January, 1895. ja12-6t eod

NOTICE.

ASSESSMENT ACT.

Notice is hereby given that an adjourned Court of Revision and Appeal for Victoria City will be holden at 46 Langley Street, Victoria City, on Saturday, the 26th day of January, at 11 o'clock a.m.

S. PERRY MILLS,
Judge of the Court of Revision and Appeal.

January 9th, 1895. ja9 2w-d&w

REPAIRS

ALTERATIONS. : : : :
Store and Office Fittings. : :
Carpenter Work of all descriptions.
Weather Strips. : : : :

J. P. BURGESS,

Carpenter, 10 Broughton St.

TENDERS.

TENDERS

will be received by the undersigned at a rate upon the dollar, for the stock and book debts of the estate of James McKim & Sons, Union, B.C. Tenders to be in by January 10th, 1895.

G. C. SHAW,
ja13-6t Assignee.

IMPORTANT SALE

Electric Tramway.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of a certain indenture, dated 25th October, 1892, made between the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company and the Montreal Safe Deposit Company as Trustees, that the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company, Limited, and all the property of the said Tramway Company comprised in the said indenture, will be sold by Public Auction at T. J. Trapp's Auction Rooms, 713 Columbia street, in the City of New Westminster, British Columbia, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, 1895.

The Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company's lines of tramway extend through out the City of New Westminster, in the Province of British Columbia, and between that city and the City of Vancouver.

Conditions of sale and full particulars as to the property may be obtained at the office of the Montreal Safe Deposit Company, or from Messrs. Corbould & McColl, Solicitors, New Westminster, B.C.

GORDON E. CORBOULD,
Solicitor for the Montreal Safe Deposit Company.

Dated New Westminster, B.C., 24th December, 1894. ja4

TENDERS are called for the purchase of Mission Church, and full sized lot on Herald street; tenders to be in not later than the 18th inst; the highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Address Rev. C. M. Tate, 82 Michigan street, city. ja16 2t

STATEMENT

—OF—

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE

—OF THE—

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

—OF THE—

Victoria City School District

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1894.

EXPENDITURE.

Teachers' salaries		$33,911 00
Janitors		2,095 00
Fuel		1,106 25
Secretary's office salary	$ 420 00	
Secretary's postage and supplies	75 63	
		495 63
Printing and advertising		254 28
Furniture, school		3,828 38
Supplies		233 75
Alterations and repairs to buildings, furniture, etc.		1,441 83
Sundries—		
Hire of furniture	32 50	
Fire insurance premiums	565 00	
Scavenger	220 50	
Election expenses	162 90	
Telephones, rent and instalation	283 55	
Legal expenses	5 00	
Hack hire and expressage	23 00	
Aberdeen reception	75 00	
Water rate, Victoria West school	12 00	
Sundry small repairs to school furniture	17 05	
Repairs to harmoniums, High and Central schools	36 00	
Caretaker at South Park school	44 75	
Janitor to Board	30 00	
Rent Baptist Mission Hall, Victoria West	50 00	
Miscellaneous	13 25	
		1,570 50
Interest on Education By-law Loan, $85,000, at 4½%	3,825 00	
Sinking Fund, By-law Loan	557 00	
		4,382 00
Total gross cost of schools for maintenance		$49 318 62

RECEIPTS.

Provincial Government — Per capita grant of $10.00 on average actual attendance		$16,413 20
Provincial Revenue Tax	$12,351 00	
Less cost of collecting, 3%	988 08	
		11,362 92
Amount paid out of revenue of the Corporation of the City of Victoria		21,542 50
		$49,318 62

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Chairman of the Board.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary to the Board.

J. L. RAYMUR,
City Auditor.

Detail of Expenditure of Proceeds of Education By-Law Loan, 1893.

South Park School—		
Site	$ 7 000 00	
Building	29,355 05	
Drains	1,942 08	
		$38,297 13
North Ward School—		
Site	$ 7,100 00	
Building	29,013 17	
Grading, fencing, etc.	5,193 92	
		41,307 09
Central and High Schools—		
New toilet buildings		3,849 75
Sundry—		
Discounts on bonds	1,275 00	
Lithographing and printing	185 00	
Advertising	181 70	
Exchange on drafts	8 37	
		$ 1,640 07
		$85 104 04
Credit—		
Amount of loan	$85,000 00	
Interest, 1893	752 17	
Interest, 1894	583 80	
	$86,335 97	
Balance to credit of loan account		$ 1,231 93

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Chairman.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary to Board.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
City Auditor. ja12

FOR 1895

Whitaker, Paper Edition. . . .
Do Cloth Edition. . . .
Star Almanac. . . . . .
Canadian Almanac. . . . . .
Lett's and Canadian Office Diaries.
Canadian Pocket Diaries. . . .

—AT—

T. N. HIBBEN & CO'S.

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue Established 1862. fel

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—An experienced woman servant (middle-aged woman preferred) to look after children and assist in housework; Chinese servant kept; applicant must send references and be able to do plain sewing. Send name, address and reference to B.D., Colonist office. ja16 3t

WANTED—Experienced draughtsman seeks engagement, temporary or permanent, architect's or surveyor's office. Address Alpha, Colonist office. ja15 6t

BOOK-KEEPING — Books opened, posted, balanced; errors detected; book-keepers assisted; books kept and accounts made out for merchants not requiring regular book-keeper; terms reasonable; references. Expert, Colonist office ja5

WANTED—An experienced accountant is prepared to post and balance up books, make out and collect accounts, open up new sets, or do any office work; first-class references. Address J.P., Colonist office de22

PIANO TUNING — Wm. N. Parsell, piano tuner and repairer; eight years' experience in eastern houses; satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at Watt's Music Store, 61 Government street. de21-1m

THE ELSMERE HOUSE, 104 Pandora St., has re-opened under new management; excellent family board; comfortably warmed rooms, also billiard room and ladies' parlor; single rooms if desired; terms moderate. Mrs. C. Wilkes, proprietress. no21-1m

TO LET OR LEASE.

DESIRABLE offices on Ground floor of Temple building with large fire-proof vault, lavatory and all modern conveniences, will be available for rent from 1st of February. Apply to Messrs. Robert Ward & Co., Limited. ja12 10t

ANGELA COLLEGE—To let these well-known buildings, standing in spacious grounds, fronting on Burdette avenue and McClure street. Two story brick house, 15 rooms. Large detached frame hall, 45 x 27, with class-rooms. Terms moderate. Apply to the Secretaries, Synod Office, Broad street. ja8-1m

THE Alderlea Hotel, furnished and all in running order, to let, lease or for sale. Apply on the premises, at Duncan's. Wm. Beaumont, proprietor ja4

TO LET—4 roomed cottage, and 3 acres, on tram line; $16 per month; for others call and inspect list.

FOR SALE—9 acres and small cottage; partly cleared and slashed; about 4 miles from post office; good land; creek running through; would make good chicken ranch, or fruit garden.

Also a number of acres, and fractions of acres, just outside city limits; to be sold cheap, on easy terms.

MONEY TO LEND on good security.

SWINERTON & ODDY,
Accountants, Agents and Notaries Public,
110 Government street.
Telephone 491. P.O. Box 631.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Hot water incubator. Z, Colonist office. ja16 3t

FOR SALE—Good small milk business. Apply A.F., Colonist office. ja15-3t

FOR SALE—A snap—Two lots, 60x120 each; 3-roomed house, stable and shed, on Pandora street, for $800; also small house and lot 60x120, on Oak street, for $500. A. W. More & Co, 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A 30 acre block of open land on the high road, in the very centre of Comox, close to church and school. Apply to the Rev. J. X. Willemar, Parsonage, Comox. ja6 d&w-1m

FOR SALE—A first class brewery—complete in every respect; situate in the centre of the best agricultural district and within easy reach of some of the best gold mines in B.C., is now offered for sale on exceptionally favorable terms; success of business a certainty; the above offers an unrivalled opportunity for acquiring a first-rate business; or the present proprietor would sell a half interest to the right man, who could command $4000 or $5000, and who could act as salesman and bookkeeper. Address Robert Ochsner, Vernon, B.C. de29-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

STOLEN OR DRIFTED from Victoria Arm, a pleasure boat; painted dark green; name "Madam" on stern; reward. Coltart & Eteson. ja16 2t

ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. fel

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
MRS. MARSHALL
has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS.
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B.C.
G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

MUSICAL.

MR. LEO BRADLEY
Receives pupils for organ, piano, singing and 'cello. Lessons given at pupil's residence when desired. Mr. Bradley's pupils will have the advantage of experienced tuition. Address, 104 Pandora street. ja6

MADAME LAIRD,
TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
For terms apply at the Studio, at the rooms of the Victoria School of Music, 43½ Government street, and at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. se30

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fel

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE — Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mc17

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 82 Douglas street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de8

MEETINGS.

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my1-1m

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

When you go East take the

Popular and Scenic Route

Across the continent.

RATES CHEAPER THAN VIA ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Sleepers and Upholstered Tourist Cars in charge of competent porters, running through without change to

MONTREAL, BOSTON, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, TORONTO.

For rates, pamphlets and all information apply to
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B.C.
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Fgt & Pass. Agt., Victoria, Corner Fort & Gov't Sts
au26

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and From all European points.

FROM HALIFAX.

Allan Line	Numidian	Feb 2
"	Mongolian	Feb 16
"	Laurentian	Mar 2
Dominion Line	Oregon	Feb 9
"	Labrador	Feb 23
"	Vancouver	Mar 9

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line	Lucania	Jan 26
"	Etruria	Feb 2
American Line	Chester	Jan 30
"	Paris	Feb 6
White Star Line	Majestic	Jan 30
"	Adriatic	Feb 6
North Ger. Lloyd	Ems	Jan 29
"	Lahn	Feb 5
Anchor Line	Anchoria	Jan 23
"	Circassia	Feb 9
Red Star Line	Belgenland	Jan 30
"	Rhynland	Feb 13
Allan State Line	State of Nebraska	Jan 31
"	State of California	Feb 14

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10.00 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL-RAIL TO NELSON, B.C.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE TO NELSON, KASLO, KOOTENAI LAKE AND SLOCAN POINTS.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7:00 a.m. Lv.—SPOKANE.—Ar. 5:30 p.m

On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. ja11

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

C. EDDY, General Agent,
J. W. CASEY, Trav. Pass. Agent,
Olympic Block, Seattle.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
JOAN
W. D. OWEN,
MASTER.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a. m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. fe4

Canadian Pacific Navigation Company, Limited.

SEVEN PER CENT. DEBENTURES.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the conditions upon which the above named debentures were issued, a drawing of the debentures to be paid off at par on the 15th day of February next, will take place at the Company's office, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C., on Thursday, the 24th instant, at 11 a.m.

The numbers of the drawn debentures will be duly advertised for the information of the holders thereof.

F. W. VINCENT,
Secretary.

Wharf street, Victoria, B.C., 12th January, 1895. ja12

FRENCH CRISIS SERIOUS.

Danger More Threatening Than at Any Time Since the Second Empire.

Opinions of French, English and German Press—Who Will Be President?

PARIS, Jan. 16.—President Perier in his message to the senate and chamber of deputies announcing his resignation, complains that during the past six months a campaign of defamation and insult against state institutions has been conducted. He says that respect and ambition for the country will not permit him to allow certain men every day to insult the best servants of the fatherland. During the reading of the communication the Socialists at certain passages almost created pandemonium, and at the conclusion of the reading only a few "vive la Republique" were heard.

The ministry met at 10 o'clock this morning to discuss the situation created by the resignation of President Casimir-Perier. The Socialist deputies met this afternoon to decide what action to take in the election of the President's successor. The newspapers strongly condemn the resignation of the president. After reading the message of the President the chamber adjourned. As the members dispersed the Socialists raised an uproar, shouting "Vive Revolution Sociale," whereupon the other parties retorted, each with his own war cry.

Great excitement prevails throughout the city on account of the political crisis. All the groups of the chamber of deputies have discussed the situation to-day, but no definite plan regarding the election of a successor to Perier has been adopted. It is believed that if the government supporters fail to get the consent of Perier to accept re-election Dupuy will be their candidate.

The national convention for the election of a president has been convoked for Thursday next. The convention comprises the members of the senate and chamber of deputies. It will meet in the palace of Versailles The members of the cabinet had a conference with M. Perier to-day, at which the ministers gave him the assurance of their personal sympathy. Later the ministers held a conference for the purpose of discussing the situation.

The chief candidate for the Presidency will be Henry Brisson. The National Assembly may desire to re-elect M. Casimir-Perier, but he will probably refuse to come forward. M. Waldeck Rousseau is also mentioned, but he was an important member of the Cabinet of 1883. M. Dupuy wished M. Challemel-Lacour to stand, but the latter dislikes the idea. Public order does not seem to be threatened. There is nothing absolutely dangerous in the situation, but France needs quiet.

The socialist deputies in a manifesto say: "Casimir-Peries goes never to return. He is vanquished by socialism. He departs in order to avoid a battle with the reactionists. His weakness of character has overthrown him. He was killed by the corruption of the regime of which he was the head and defeated by the intrigues of the president of his own council. It is in dishonor such as his flight that the capitalistic society will perish.

Stocks opened weak on the resignation of the President of France. International stocks and English consols and French rentes have declined.

Le Journal des Debats says: "It remains to be seen whether the act will be justified."

Le Gaulois charges the President with desertion.

Le Figaro says: "If the President persists in his resolution Europe will judge him as severely as France does."

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The Pall Mall Gazette says: "France is now in the throes of the most menacing crisis since the downfall of the second empire. The republic has proved sterile. France would prefer effective autocracy, but where is the pretender? The Napoleons are invisible; the Count de Paris is dead and the Duc d' Orleans is deplorably indiscreet."

The Duc d' Orleans, chief of the French pretenders, left London with his suite today for Dover, where he will hold himself in readiness to start for France in case political developments favor his cause.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The Emperor William was informed early this morning of the French President's resignation. He took his coffee rather hastily and then drove alone from the old castle to the French embassy, where he had a long interview with M. Herbett. He expressed his high opinion of the President and his regret that the sudden change had been deemed expedient. The Berlin newspapers reflect the apprehension felt by the people.

The Reichsgbott says: "The socialists have achieved their purpose. They have overthrown Casimir-Perier. They are ripe for revolution."

Das Volk: "After the recent accusations in the chamber and press that the President silently allowed great culprits like Constans and Company to go free while bringing minor offenders to justice, it is no wonder that he resisted the attempts of interested politicians to keep him in office."

The Post; "The assaults of the revolutionary party upon the ministers was part of a conspiracy to overthrow Casimir-Perier."

The Boerse Courier—"Casimir-Perier's resignation must influence the economic situation powerfully, for it shows the absolute instability of the political conditions in France."

The Neueste Nachrichten—"The political confusion in France has reached the danger point. History shows no similar situation. All things are tending to precipitate the death struggle of the bourgeois republic. It will be only good luck if no dictator appears to give it the fatal blow."

The Lokal Anzeiger—"Casimir-Perier had no right to complain of the Socialist attacks. The occupant of the first place in the state ought not to shrink before criticism. His assailants will find that they cannot destroy Parliamentarism."

The Tageblatt—"His fall is a great loss. It concerns Germany and all other friends of peace. As his successor will possibly seek to divert the attention of the people to foreign affairs it behooves Germany to keep her powder dry."

Ringing Noises

In the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also result from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood.

Hood's Pills are the best after dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

For Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, cramps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Summer Complaint, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is a prompt, safe and sure cure that has been a popular favorite for over 40 years.

Caswell's North Saanich Creamery Butter in pounds, at Fell & Co.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON.

Lewis Morris, the English poet, author of a recently published volume entitled "Songs Without Notes" and other poems, has written the following stanzas on the death of Sir John Thompson:

"An elegy, Jan. 3d, 1895.

Dead at the crest, the crown
And blossom of his fortunes, this strong son
Of our great realm sank down
Beneath the load of honors scarcely won.

Windsor's imperial towers
Kept mournful watch above him as he lay;
His sovereign lavished flowers,
In gratitude upon his honored clay.

Through storm and stress afar
He crossed once more the troubled wintry wave,
In that stout ship of war,
By the old flag enshrouded for his grave.

Great empire, heart and mind,
Let Britain's sons closer and closer draw,
Such lives, such deaths can bind
Our union closer than the bonds of law.

May this career sublime,
This honored ending of an honored life,
Bear fruit through secular time,
In hearts drawn near deep peace-averted strife.
—Lewis Morris.

THE STUDY OF MUSIC.

Shall Children Be Made to Study Music, Talent or No Talent?

In the matter of music children may be divided into three classes—those who have ability and industry combined, those who have ability without industry, and those who have no native ability whatever. It is with the last two that the problem has to do. For the children of gift and energy a smooth path is clearly marked out.

Some of the most rarely gifted children are determinedly lazy in early youth. Such musical natures are a responsibility too often let go to shipwreck because of want of proper insistence that they shall work. Parents make up their minds it is no use to drive them; that despite all their ear and taste they can never be made to do anything. Efforts on their behalf are relaxed just at the very point when a little strength of authority might have secured a proper development of the child's powers. It is an absurd decision that all children destined to become anything in a musical way will have the natural disposition to work. More than half probably will not, and one of the most miserable of art cruelties is perpetrated in overlooking their musical possibilities simply because they are idle. Such children should have their path imperatively chalked out for them, and it should be seen that they walk it. If they show an aptitude for any particular instrument, they should be made to practice it, not to a strict degree at first, but by steady stages until it ceases to be a labor. To impose on their little ardent natures too severe a technical ground all at once is perhaps as disastrous as utter neglect would be. They must be carefully handled systematically. Let a child who has the capacity to work up between lessons three etudes, but hates and dreads to do it, be given one instead.

There now come the children who are apparently without any talent, who can hardly detect the difference between one tone and another. One of two things is usually done with these—either, having no talent, they are put under a pressure of study to constrain them to develop one, or after brief trial they are given up as entirely hopeless. The best method of dealing with these children is seldom resorted to and lies midway between. Away far down in the most tuneless child's nature there may lie a germ of music unsuspected by everybody else and undiscoverable to the child himself perhaps until he has long passed the age of study. This little germ can be killed outright in early youth, and when it is killed it is usually the piano that does it. If all children, talent or no talent, were instructed in early youth in the theory of music, were grounded in the figures of notation just as they are in the figures of arithmetic, at whatever period of life this little germ disclosed itself, they would be able to encourage it by their technical knowledge, instead of feeling that it is too late, and altogether useless, because they are theoretically ignorant of music.

There has rarely been a child born to whom an education in rhythm and the effort of the mind to conquer musical mathematics have not proved of immediate help even in other branches. All children should receive at least this. If productive of no present results in the field of music itself, innumerable cases of precedence go to show that there is no possible foretelling when it may become productive. Many a taste has been known to blossom in young people after hearing a number of operas and concerts, and the ear has unexpectedly been opened to the beauty in variety of tone. Take the child of no talent, teach it theory if only as a good mental exercise, and teach it rhythm if only as an aid to harmony in poise and movement, then let the ear come if it will, there will be method, of use also in other directions, ready to support it. Under no circumstances can it be well to neglect this theoretic musical education, which never taxes the patience as does a useless and monotonous practice, and which will prepare the child, should musical environment develop talent later, to utilize it from the first. The above voices the opinions of some of the best musical authorities as reported in Harper's Bazar.

We cannot begin to tell you all we have in our January stock, but whatever you want in carpets, furniture or crockery, you can get at Weiler Bros.'

Visit Montgomery's Lunch Parlors, 42 Government. *

Insure your plate glass. Mellor. *

For choice nuts and raisins go to Fell & Co.'s, Fort street.

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

Sealers! Get the best skinning knives from Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Frilled muslin curtains, just a few pairs, special value, and very pretty, at Weiler Bros.' *

E. M. JOHNSON

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FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.

12 Horses.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, &c.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity cover many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys

The Climate is not severe, the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

The Title is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

The South West Kootenay and Osoyoos Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH. TEABERRY. PRICE 25c. ZOPESA CHEMICAL CO. TORONTO.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Make simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. oc16

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More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 184 King St. W., Toronto.

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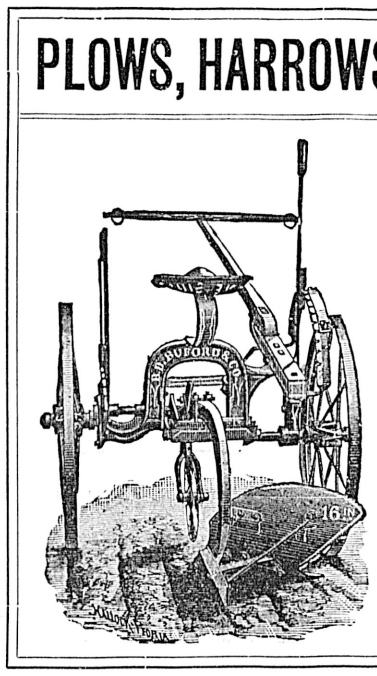
PLOWS, HARROWS, SEEDERS



Buford Sulky Plows, 14 and 16 in. cut, $45.

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VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS.

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MATERNITY (ate Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fel0

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52 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

JUST ARRIVED Direct from London, England, the latest novelties of Christmas and Holiday Goods. Call and make your selection for your Christmas Tree. Little money goes a long way. Pure Home-made Candies at W. J. TIPPINS', 114 Yates street, above Douglas. no10

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

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DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

City of Puebla - - Jan. 18

R. P. RITHET & CO. Agents.

mch26

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 24

Takes effect Sept. 1, 1894.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luin Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Victoria, Sept. 1st, 1894.

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable *strictly in advance.*

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More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

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P.O.....

Masterpieces from the Art Galleries of the World.

With three Coupons and 10 cents each part.

THE HOWLERS.

Should we not sympathise rather than condemn the howlers at public meetings? Are they not much more unfortunate than blameworthy? As a rule they know little or nothing about the subjects under discussion. They have no capacity for speaking, or, indeed, capacity of any kind, consequently they cannot make themselves heard in what is generally considered a legitimate way. A public meeting gives them the opportunity of distinguishing themselves for which they long. A certain latitude is allowed the audience at a public meeting. It has become the fashion to express approval or dissent in a rather more demonstrative manner than in church or the lecture room. Besides, if a number of the audience at political meetings chooses to be boisterous and clamorous, it is not generally considered expedient to call in the police either to silence the noisy persons or to turn them out. The howlers, therefore, at such meetings know they can make their hideous noises with a certain degree of impunity. Well, when they take advantage of the license allowed them by custom, should the quiet and intelligent members of the community be too hard on them? Nine out of ten of them can do nothing better or more intelligible than bowl. That is their one talent. Should they not be permitted to use it occasionally? The howlers are not used to thinking, but it requires no power of thought to shout and to stamp.

As a rule the very demonstrative members of the audience are not by any means well-informed on matters that interest thoughtful and intelligent men, but a man does not require to be either a thinker or a reader to be able to hoot down a speaker he does not like and to clap noisily and to cheer vociferously the speakers who are on his side. The howler, as a rule, does not thirst for information. Why should he? He knows all he wants to know, and the men who undertake to inform and instruct him he looks upon as bores to be cried down as soon as he gets tired of them, which is very soon. He can make more noise and a greater variety of noises in a given time than the wisest and best-informed man in the city. What more does he want? He goes to a public meeting to be amused, to have his vanity tickled, and to take a share in the proceedings. Why should he not have his fun? Why should he not make the rafters ring with cheers for the speakers who make it their business to please him and who bid high for his approbation, and why should he not raise an uproar when his favorites are contradicted and exposed. His is a short and easy method of proving statements and of refuting arguments, and why should not he as well as another, use it when he has the chance? There is no reasoning against a cheer and howling puts an end to discussion.

The howlers have found that noise is effective. They can easily create the impression that they are ten times as numerous as they are. A score or two of the most ignorant and the most brainless men in town can make the uninitiated believe that they number hundreds, and they can by their interruptions disconcert all but the most experienced and the most confident speakers. This is the object of much of their clamor. What they don't want to hear they are determined that no one else shall hear. It is for this purpose that they are often used by men who are not themselves howlers. And the howlers are proud to be used in this way.

This then is the plea for the howlers. Public meetings give them the only chance they have of distinguishing themselves, and is it not a little cruel to be hard on them when they avail themselves of that chance?

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

The question of compulsory arbitration in labor disputes has occupied the attention of thinking men in many parts of the world. We are not surprised that the decision at which they have arrived is that compulsory arbitration is impossible, or, rather, impracticable. To us it seems a contradiction in terms. It has always appeared to us that arbitration, from its very nature, must be entered into voluntarily by the parties to it. If they, after having voluntarily submitted the matter in dispute to arbitration, agree to be bound by the decision of the arbitrators, it is only reasonable and right that they both should be compelled to carry out the award in good faith. We find it impossible to distinguish an arbitration so-called in which one or both the parties is compelled to enter from an ordinary lawsuit. For what after all is a lawsuit but an arbitration to which one of the suitors is compelled to be a party and in which both parties are compelled to abide by the decision of the arbitrator, who in this case is called "the court" or a "judge"?

We find the following paragraph on this question of compulsory arbitration in the very clear and concise report of Mr. Alex. B. Gray, chairman of the commission of Labor Enquiry, Board of Conciliation and Arbitration:

While compulsory arbitration with enforced awards has been advanced by some as the solution of the problem, yet the consensus of opinion, as gathered by the Commission of Enquiry, and from the best friends of labor, shows that compulsory arbitration in its entirety is not practicable, and for reasons easily recognizable.

An employer of labor could not be compelled to continue his works at financial loss, as such continuance would inevitably in time, more or less extended, lead to bankruptcy; and on the other hand, the workman could not be compelled to give his labor against his wishes, and it would be preposterous to attempt to punish him by fine or otherwise for resenting any interference with his personal liberty.

Mr. Gray, while he considers compulsory arbitration "not practicable," very modestly suggests that it may perhaps be deemed advisable that the Legislature should carry out into effect the very general suggestions made to the Commission, and enact legislation in the direction of ensuring a compulsory bringing together for eliciting evidence, with the view of settlement of dispute, either by amicable arrangement or through force of public opinion.

We are afraid that the very small degree of compulsion which is suggested here would not be deemed satisfactory by either party, and it seems to us that an award which could not be enforced would not be very highly prized by either employers or employes. The experiment may have a chance of succeeding, and may be worth trying.

This matter of Conciliation and Arbitration has occupied the attention of the Legislature of New South Wales. A Court of Conciliation had been established by Act of Parliament in the colony, but it does not appear to have worked at all successfully, for we see that the Leader of the Government consented to striking out of the Estimates the item to provide for expenses of the Council. This is what the Sydney Herald said about the subject:

The Assembly last night decided to strike out the vote providing for the expenses of the Council of Conciliation and Arbitration, a decision which possibly brings that experiment to an end, at any rate for an indefinite time. The Premier, in speaking on the item, admitted that it should be struck out unless something could be done to make the court and its procedure a reality. Whether anything could be done to effect this result is very doubtful. Even the attempt would necessitate a measure of interference at the hands of the State in the private affairs of individuals which Englishmen are reluctant to accept. That, if this were submitted to, anything could really be done to compel the employer or the employe to accept an adverse award is a proposition in the highest degree questionable. Hitherto no one has been able to submit a proposal for making compulsory the decisions of the council which has secured any measure of favor or belief. At any rate, no such proposal is at the present time before the country. Under these circumstances the House seemed to think that it had no option but to strike out the vote. If this means the end of a well-intentioned experiment, many who agree with the decision will nevertheless regret that the experiment never managed to get anything like a fair trial before it was brought to a termination.

The following summary of the proceedings of the Assembly throws a little light on the subject:

In defence of the Court of Conciliation, Mr. McMillan urged that the institution had been established by Act of Parliament, and therefore, if it were desired to make any alteration in its constitution, an amending bill should be passed. Sir George Dibbs held that compulsory arbitration would be an impossibility, and several labor members had a good deal to say in opposition to the vote. The whole subject of conciliation and arbitration, which offers a wide field for argument, was gone over, and the discussion was continued until 9 o'clock, when the Premier made a last appeal to the labor end to allow the board and its officers to remain in existence for a while, until the Government measure of reform could be passed. The appeal, however, was in vain, for the labor end would have none of the Conciliation Board, and the amendment for the reduction of the item by £1,000, which practically meant striking it out altogether, was carried against the Ministry by 45 votes to 37.

From this it appears that it was the representatives of Labor, for whose benefit the Court had been established, who insisted upon its suppression. This is not a little surprising. The subject is a very difficult one, and one with which legislation, as far as we know, has failed in any country to deal satisfactorily.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT.

It is hard to imagine a punishment more severe than that inflicted on Captain Dreyfus, of the French Army. He was an officer of artillery attached to the General Staff of the War Office. He had access to very important documents connected with the national defence. He was accused of stealing some of these documents and of selling them to a foreign power. This was as heinous a crime as a soldier and a gentleman could be accused of committing. It was treachery of the blacket and meanest kind. A few years ago the punishment of such a crime was death. But the military code of France has been made milder of late years, and the punishment of the offence of which Captain Dreyfus was found guilty is now degradation and imprisonment.

The miserable man has suffered the first part of his punishment. He was taken into a large square on all sides of which a body of some six thousand troops was formed. His epaulettes and every sign of his rank were torn from his uniform, and he was compelled to make the circuit of the square guarded and pinioned. He kept on declaring his innocence, but whenever he attempted to do so the drums were beaten to drown his voice. The sufferings of the man who was compelled to go through this ignominious ordeal must have been terrible. Very many men are so constituted that death would have been preferable. The prisoner showed that he felt the disgrace most keenly.

Objections have been raised to the way in which Captain Dreyfus was tried. His trial was a secret one. This is contrary to the usage in France. Ordinarily courts martial are in that country public. The rule is that their proceedings are null and void unless conducted in public; "but in case publicity is held by the court to be dangerous to order or morality secrecy can be enjoined." The counsel for the prisoner protested against his being tried secretly but the judges remained firm. They had decided that the public welfare required that the doors should be closed while the trial was going on. The consequence is that no one outside the court knows what the evidence was on which he was convicted. It leaked out that the charge rested on a single document and what the contents of that document were, and who was its author no one seems to know. It is believed that the "foreign power" to whom Captain Dreyfus sold the papers was Germany. Although the people of Paris did not hear a single word of the evidence, they were unanimous in condemning the accused man. The only thing they complained of was the slackness of the law that allowed the offender to live after he had been found guilty.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catarrh. Give it a trial.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Dyspepsia arises from wrong action of the stomach, liver and bowels. Burdock Blood Bitters cures Dyspepsia and all diseases arising from it, 99 times in 100

Caswell's North Saanich Creamery Butter in pounds, at Fell & Co.

For prices plate glass see Mellor. *

GINGER ALE.

THORPE & CO.'S PURE MINERAL WATERS

TELEPHONE 435.
P.O. BOX 175.

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Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 21st inst., at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation the following on or before the 10th day of February next, viz.: 107 feet of 10-inch Double Leather Dynamo Belt; 160 feet of 7-inch Double Leather Dynamo Belt.

Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque for $100, and by samples, and must mention the name of the firm manufacturing the belt proposed to be supplied.

The lowest, or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 15, 1895. ja16

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133 Government Street
private entrance on Pandora Street. oct8

ANTHRACITE COAL

Try it in your furnace, self feeder, or base-burner; burns in any stove; hardly any ash and is clean and economical. Tern s c sh. Leave or telephone orders for coal o. wood to

SWINERTON & ODDY,
110 Government St. Tel. 491. P.O. Box 631.

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

NOTICE.

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MENZIE, TURNER & CO.,
Toronto, Canada. Manufacturers Window Shades.

CHEAPSIDE.

When you see our prices you will think we are going to bust; but it is not so.

SEE OUR WINDOW

GLASSWARE,
ELECTRO-PLATED GOODS.
FINE DINNER WARE,
LAMPS, CUTLERY, ETC.

GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government Street.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase.) ..... £600,000, $2,920,000.
RESERVE ..... £275,000, $1,333,333.

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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. ap5 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

PORTFOLIOS

For the MASTERPIECES OF THE ART GALLERIES have been received and are for sale at this office. Price 50 cents. Complete your file of the Folios without delay. Full number now on hand.

Board of Horticulture.

ATTENTION is hereby directed to the fact that under the provisions of the Act and of the Rules and Regulations adopted under it, all infected orchards, trees and plants are required to be cleansed; and warning is hereby given that the time that can be accorded for disinfection, after inspection, must necessarily be more limited as the season advances; it is therefore directed that all infected orchards trees and plants aforesaid, irrespective of inspection, be disinfected in the manner prescribed in the Rules and Regulations. Rule 5 provides as follows: "All persons owning or having in their possession nursery stock, or trees and plants of any kind, infested with insect pests or fungus disease, shall cause the same to be disinfected and cleansed by using the remedies herein prescribed, or such other insecticides and fungicides as may be found effective, and are approved of by a member of this Board or the Inspector of Fruit Pests.

J. R. ANDERSON,
Secretary.

Department of Agriculture, British Columbia.
Victoria, January 15, 1895. ja16-1w

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. George Alan Kirk was admitted as a partner in our firm on the 1st day of January, 1895.

ja16 TURNER, BEETON & CO.

— GREAT REDUCTIONS. —

Waltham Watch Co., P. S. Bartlett, (stem wind) ..... $ 8 00
Appleton, Tracy & Co. 15 00
(all new movements)
Low grades from 4 00
Elgin Watch Co., B. W. Raymond 15 00

SPECIAL—CLOCKS.

Eight-Day Cathedral Gong, striking hours and half hours, $7.50.

S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watch-maker. 68½ Yates Street.
ap4

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address Centre Road, Spring Ridge. ap14

FOR SALE.

200 TONS
OF FIRST-CLASS
TIMOTHY HAY

At Victoria & Sidney Railway Station, Hillside Ave.

TELEPHONE 511.
ja13-6t

In the Matter of the Partnership Act, 1894

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
COUNTY OF VICTORIA.

We, John B. Perry and John Claus Voss, formerly members of the firm carrying on business as hotel and restaurant keepers, in the premises known as the Queen's Hotel, Store street, Victoria, British Columbia, in the City and County of Victoria, under the style of Voss & Perry, do hereby certify that the said partnership was on the 8th day of January, 1895, dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. John Claus Voss will carry on the business and will assume all liabilities and assets of the late firm.

Witness our hands at Victoria, the 8th day of January, 1895.

JOHN B. PERRY.
J. C. VOSS.

Witness—DENIS MURPHY, No. 46 Langley street, Victoria, law student to S. Perry Mills.

Bank of British Columbia.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent.) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 28th November, 1894. no28

AUCTION SALES.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

To Close Balances and Consignments.

Annual unreserved clearance sale of goods in our salerooms, and Furniture by order of parties leaving the city.

AUCTION
—OF—
FURNITURE AND EFFECTS
—ON—
MONDAY, January 21st, at 2 p.m.

Including 20 bedsteads and fine clipper mattresses in lots to suit purchasers, 10 Brussels, tapestry and wool carpets, 3 ash bed sets, antique bed set, spring and box mattresses, toilet services, 5 heating stoves of various sizes very fine Queen hall heating stove (self-feeder and equal to new), bed lounge, bed clothes, blankets, pillows, oak and walnut centre tables, a number of pitures, including 3 large oil paintings, large walnut office table, small walnut office table 2 office chairs with screws, sets Bulwer's works (9 vols), Shakespear's works (8 vols), Washington Irving's (2 vols), fine Premier cook stove No. 8 (good condition), cane chairs, perforated chairs, fine stereoscope and views, mirror in gilt frame, also 25 cases canned fruit, boots, shoes and rubbers, platform scales, cider press, large glass showcase (5 ft. x 4 ft. x 2 ft.), 8-foot panelled counter, etc.

Also capital Safety bicycle and valuable American pianoforte, cabinet grand, 7½ octaves, in very fine tone and capital condition—a very fine instrument. Terms cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
ja13 Auctioneers.

PROVINCIAL CATTLE MARKET.

AUCTION OF LIVE AND DEAD STOCK.

Wednesday, January 30th at 2 P. M.

In our Cattle Yard, View Street, opposite our Sale Rooms. . . .

At our last sale we had a large crowd of buyers, most of them seeking good Dairy Cattle. Those having such cattle for sale should send particulars at once. All entries to be in a week previous to sale to have benefit of advertising. Cattle may be sent in at any time. Cash advanced on stock. Full particulars on application.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
ja1 Auctioneers.

WM. T. HARDAKER,

AUCTIONEER,

At the Old Stand, Douglas Street, near Yates.

Business carried on as before.

Money advanced on goods for absolute sale.

Household Goods, etc., etc., bought to any amount for Spot Cash. ja11-tf

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

House, Land and Commission Agents.
Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale:
Account Sales promptly settled.
DUCK BUILDING, NO. 58 BROAD STREET.
The most commodious storage in the Province. ja1-1mo

NOTICES.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

For Mayor and Aldermen.

Public notice is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of Victoria that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Hall, on Monday, the fourteenth day of January, 1895, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Mayor and Aldermen.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:

The candidate shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed to by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of the nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be opened on Thursday, the seventeenth day of January, 1895, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

For Mayor—At the Police Court Room, City Hall.

For Aldermen for the North Ward—At the Public Market Building, Cormorant street.

For Aldermen for the Central Ward—At Burnes' Block, Bastion Square.

For Aldermen for the South Ward—At No. 27 Government street, being on the east side.

Of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at Victoria, the 5th day of January, 1895.

W. K. BULL,
ja6 Returning Officer.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Election of School Trustees.

Public notice is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Hall, Victoria, on Monday, the fourteenth day of January, 1895 at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing three persons as members of the Board of Trustees for Victoria City School District.

The mode of nomination shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed to by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be opened on Thursday, the seventeenth day of January, 1895, for the election of the said Board, at the Court of the City Hall, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., at which time and place each Elector who is duly qualified to vote for Mayor, and who (if liable) has paid the Provincial Revenue Tax of three dollars for the year 1894, will be entitled to cast his vote for three candidates for members of the Board of School Trustees, but may only give one vote for any one candidate.

Of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at Victoria, the 5th day of January, 1895.

W. K. BULL,
ja6 Returning Officer.

HANG WO HING KEE,
Importers and dealers in
Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods
NO. 31 CORMORANT STREET,
P.O. BOX 832. no20 VICTORIA, B.C.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUCTION SALES.

Jan. 21—Furniture, etc. H. Cuthbert & Co.
Jan. 30—Live and dead stock. H. Cuthbert & Co.

THE CITY.

A BALL will be given in Philharmonic hall on the 30th instant in aid of the Protestant Orphans' Home.

MRS. MCNAUGHTON will lead this afternoon's "Mothers' meeting," of the W.C.T.U., in Temperance hall.

"MILTON" is the author chosen by Mrs. A. T. Watt as the subject of her address this afternoon at St. Ann's academy.

LAST evening the third of the series of social dances in aid of the proposed Pythian Home was given in Castle hall, Broad street The attendance was large and the evening passed very pleasantly.

A MATCH has been arranged between the Victoria and Vancouver golf clubs, to be played at the Oak Bay links Saturday. Play will begin about 12 o'clock. There will be tea at the club house in the afternoon, and an invitation is extended to all golf players.

SAVANNAH, the photographer, has immortalized the city fathers of 1894 and handed them down to posterity in a neat group, executed in his usual inimitable style. A more handsome collection of good-looking men has never been focussed at one sitting. A copy of the picture adorns the window of the COLONIST business office.

PRINCIPAL NETHERBY, acting in his new capacity as returning officer, has not yet completed the count of the parents' vote upon the question of extending the noon recess to an hour and a half. The returns come in very slowly and the exact result may not be known for a day or two yet. There is enough, however, to justify the prediction that the present school hours will be retained.

MANAGER JAMIESON desires to call attention to the fact that the living pictures produced by the Calhoun opera company should not be confounded with those so-called attempted by vaudeville and burlesque companies. Our citizens cannot be too careful in this matter, as it is but a step from the artistic to the vulgar. When so responsible and talented an organization as the Calhoun opera company propose their production, it is a guarantee of refinement, modesty, beauty and art. The popularity of living pictures continues unabated, and Victoria will eagerly welcome their first presentation in this city, fortunately by a well known and popular company.

AH YOUK, charged with stealing a sink trap and some other plumbing fixtures from houses on King's road, came up before Mr. Justice Drake for speedy trial yesterday, Mr. E. A. Courtney appearing for the Crown. Ah Youk pleaded guilty and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labor. Wm. Stitt, charged with stealing $80 from the person of W. Milligan, pleaded not guilty. Mr. Powell appeared for the prosecution, the prisoner conducting his own defence. Stitt gave a reasonable account of himself and was acquitted. Owing to the illness of Sergt. Levin, one of the witnesses, Martinson, charged with breaking into Pierre's tailor shop, was remanded till to-day. Louise Christohper's case was also adjourned till to-day, after some of the evidence had been taken. The Nanaimo robbery case was also remanded till to-day.

THERE are two sides to almost every question, and Chief of Police Sheppard says that the police are not entitled to all the blame they received at Tuesday's meeting of the city council in connection with the collection of license fees. The police, he says, made every endeavor to assist the market superintendent in the carrying out of the by-law in this regard, but found their efforts ineffectual by the the unsystematic method pursued by the market superintendent himself in the issuing of peddlers' licenses. A Chinaman would, for example, be found and placed under arrest, charged with neglect to pay his license. He would produce an expired receipt but explain that he had only gone out one, two or three days, the receipt being for four from a specified date. Then the superintendent would appear, recognize the Chinaman and endorse his statement of the case. As soon as the superintendent adopted some rational way of dealing with Chinese peddlers, the chief said, he and his men would be happy to give their best attention to the apprehension of offenders against the law.

CHIEF of Police Sheppard has received an interesting note from Sergeant John P. Forbes, of the Sydney, N.S.W., police, in whose custody the embezzler Bollman was sent back to stand his trial. In the course of this letter Sergeant Forbes says: "I arrived in Sydney all right with Bollman and he was sentenced on the 12th inst, in company with Day, to eighteen months' jail, hard labor, for conspiracy to defraud, the charges of stealing against them being withdrawn. By the look of things the firm was about ruined. Altogether, I do not think that £3,000 would cover their loss of money and goods. Bollman was very low spirited some days on the voyage. The night before he left Sydney he got married to a girl seventeen years old, a sister of the prisoner Day. No doubt there is where a great deal of the money went. When at Honolulu I brought the bookkeeper of the hotel on board the Arawa and asked him in the presence of Bollman, Detective Larsen and Sergeant Patterson what amount of money Bollman deposited in the safe. The bookkeeper replied that it was about £157. He drew some whilst there and on the day of his departure for Victoria drew £125. The bookkeeper stated that it was about $570 and not £570 as he stated to me on the first occasion and as he reported to the San Francisco police."

ELECTORS of the Centre Ward are required to exercise special care in the marking of their ballots to-day, two of the candidates having the same surname.

LEE & FRASER, representatives of the Canadian Loan and Investment Co., of Toronto, have been appointed inspectors of the different agencies of the company throughout the province.

THE steamships Tacoma of the Northern Pacific line and Miowera of the Canadian-Australian line, are expected in port to-day outward bound. The latter will leave the Terminal City at 7 this morning, and will receive a large freight here.

AN inquiry into the accident to Gunner Russell while attending the B.C.B.G.A. school of instruction was conducted by Lieutenants Pierce, Munro and Gregory in the drill hall last evening. The report of the inquiry will be forwarded by Colonel Peters to headquarters at Ottawa.

FOR some time past collector of customs Milne has been endeavoring to relieve the residents of Port Simpson, Metlakatla and Skeena of a big inconvenience which they were obliged to suffer whenever they received dutiable packages. Heretofore payment on such goods had to be made at Victoria, but henceforth, according to instructions which the collector received yesterday this formality will not be necessary.

THE Royal or Trade Dollar saloon license case was again before the commissioners—Mayor Teague, Magistrate Macrae and Dr. I. W. Powell—yesterday, Mr. E. E Wootton appearing in behalf of a transfer to Mr. Philip Philips, or, if this was refused, to the owner of the premises, Mr. Kirk. Joseph Aheren, whose presence in the saloon was objected to by the board, took the witness box and promised that although he had a claim upon the premises by lease he would forego his right and vacate rather than see license cancelled. The board, after again the referring to the disgraceful manner in which the place had been conducted in the past, accepted the counsel's promise that no further cause of offence would be given and extended the temporary permit issued in the name of Mr. Kirk. The board also formally consented to the change of the name of the old Standard saloon to that of "The Elk."

THE Victoria and Vancouver Island Council of Women held their first regular meeting last Monday, there being a large attendance of representative ladies. Mrs. Baker, the president, occupied the chair. The minutes and reports by the corresponding secretary and treasurer showed that twenty societies had already amalgamated with the council, and several ladies not belonging to any affiliating society had joined as individual members. Other societies were represented by their presidents, who stated that their associations intended affiliating during the coming month. A scheme for the organization of "Associated Charities," was laid before the meeting and was referred to the sub-executive. A letter was read from the Minister of Customs stating that if at any time it was thought advisable to consider the lessening of the duty upon the covering of opium in its crude state, the Women's council would be notified. A communication was also read from the secretary of the Dominion council expressing approval of the petition sent to the Minister of Customs and promising the co-operation and support of all local councils throughout the Dominion. Considerable work was planned for the secretaries and sub-executive to do during the coming month.

THE annual meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church took place last night in the church. There was a full attendance of members and adherents, the lecture room and adjoining parlors being crowded. Rev. Wm. Leslie Clay, B.A., opened the meeting with devotional exercises, after which he called upon the chairman of the board of management, Mr. McMicking, to preside. The reports of the session, the board of management, the treasurer's statements, and also the reports from the Ladies' Aid, Sabbath school and other auxiliary societies were read and unanimously approved of. This being the first business meeting of the congregation since the induction of Rev. Mr. Clay, unusual interest was manifested in hearing the satisfactory reports. The present membership, exclusive of adherents, is 281, and the gross revenue for the past year, amounting to $5,868 11, when mentioned, was received with great enthusiasm. This sum did not include the amounts collected by the missionary society, which has not yet reported. The following gentlemen were elected as managers in place of the seven retiring members, viz: A. B. Fraser, James Hutcheson, James Paterson, William Muir, John Jardine, James Russell and J. R. Robertson. The usual votes of thanks to the choir and organist, the ladies' aid and auxiliary societies, to the retiring managers, to Miss Murray for services as organist at the weekly prayer meetings and to Misses Hutcheson and Jamieson for weekly contributions of flowers, were put and carried. Notice of motion was given for a slight change in the constitution of the church relative to the composition of the board of management, and the session were requested to call a special meeting of the congregation for Thursday, 31st instant, to consider the proposed amendments. The enthusiasm and esprit de corps manifested at the meeting augurs well for the future of the congregation, and one of the oldest members of the congregation, who had sat silent most of the evening was so impressed with the pleasant nature of the gathering that he rose and said he had not enjoyed himself more nor felt greater gratitude to the Giver of all Good in the whole twenty years of his connection with the congregation than he had at the present meeting. The business part of the meeting was closed by praise and the Rev. Mr. Clay pronounced the benediction. The audience then adjourned to participate in the ample supply of coffee and cake and other refreshments presented and presided over by the ladies, and a pleasant time was spent.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Carving sets at Cheapside.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—The undersigned will be a candidate for Alderman in the above Ward, and shall be glad to receive the votes of all who may think him worthy of their support.

ROBERT T. WILLIAMS.

NANAIMO'S POLICE COURT.

Some of the Evidence Adduced Before the Royal Commission of Inquiry Yesterday.

The Arrangement With the Magistrate—The Manner in Which Justice Was Dispensed.

NANAIMO, Jan. 16—(Special)—The commission of inquiry re Magistrate Planta was re-opened to-day. Mr. E. V. Bodwell appeared on behalf of the provincial government. The charge of waiving salary was first taken up. Gilbert McKinnel, a member of the city council in 1893, remembered the appointment of Mr. Planta and got the impression from Ald. Dobeson at that time that his salary would not exceed the amount collected in fines and fees. Mr. Planta had previously addressed the council before the regular meeting. Mr. Planta's object in addressing this informal meeting was to speak on the matter of the appointment of a police magistrate. Mr. Planta stated that he would not draw on the city for the full amount of the salary, $1,000, if the fees of the court did not amount to that sum. He had no wish to be a burden to the city, and while he (Mr. Planta) thought that to uphold the dignity of the office the salary should be $1,000, if the city could not meet the full amount he would not press them for it. City Clerk Gough was called with regard to the finance committee's report which he drew up. He could not give the exact date of that document. He had told Mr. Planta that the city could not pay a big salary, and his reply was that he did not intend to become a burden to the city, and to show this would write a letter stating how he felt. This letter he had shown to Mr. Haslam. Witness had considered the letter a private one.

Andrew Haslam, M.P., testified that he was Mayor of Nanaimo in the year 1893. His impression was that the salary was to be $1,000, the city not to be pressed for payment of the amount unless the fees reached the required sum. He had that impression from conversations with Mr. Planta before the matter was voted on in the council. He thought it was at the informal meeting that he obtained this impression. He was certain that when the council voted the amount they had the impression that they would not be pressed for the amount in case they should be short.

At the afternoon session Mr. Gough showed by the cash books that in 1891 no fees had been received from the Mayor's court, and in 1892 $11 20 had been collected.

Constable Neil McLean testified that in July, 1892, he and D O. Hanley had been arrested for fast driving over a bridge. They had gone to Mr. Planta's house and were told that they were fined five dollars each. Witness had paid ten dollars and they came away.

Mr. Bodwell asked for a record of the conviction in this case.

Mr. Planta replied that he was of opinion that there was none. The case was isolated and had been treated accordingly. Previous to 1893 no record had been kept of the Mayor's court cases, they were so few in number.

Alex. F. McKinnon, ex-chief of police, could not remember arresting R. Alger, and the case was laid over.

Ex-chief of police T. O'Connel was called to throw some light on the case of A. Peters, convicted of selling liquor without a license. Peters was condemned to pay $150 for a license, $20 fine and $5 costs. He had paid $11.50 and put up a gold watch and chain for the remainder, which he had not paid but had left the town.

Mr. Planta explained that the entries in record had been changed because later on Peters had got a reduction in the fine to enable him to come back to the country.

Fred. Hermann said he was up before Mr. Planta on a charge of interfering with the police. He, J. Mocher and W. Melcher were in the opera house one night making a disturbance. Constable Brown came up and wanted to arrest Mocher, which he did, he and Melcher being charged next day with the same offence as Mocher. His companions settled the case out of court. They asked O'Connell or Gibbs what they would have to pay, and were informed that it would be $15 apiece. Gibbs also told them they would have to pay something extra for a parcel that was damaged. They had not paid anything on the parcel damaged.

Joseph Guffalo told how he had been arrested for an assault on a woman who owed him a board bill. She had left some jewelry with Mr. Planta as security on his bill; he had not had any money and could not get the jewels Mr. O'Connell had the stuff in charge and would not give it up without orders from Mr. Planta and this he could not get.

Albert Puscher with three others said they had been up before Mr. Planta in May, 1891, for singing on the streets. Next day they went to see Mr. Planta and were shown into a room. Mr. Planta, Gibbs and Chief O'Connell were in the room. Mr. Planta told them they had to pay $7 each and they paid it. There was no trial that he could see.

The commission adjourned until eleven to morrow.

THE special committee appointed by the hospital board to inquire into the management of the institution, held a meeting last evening, when Dr. G. L. Milne explained his plan for interesting all the medical fraternity. The committee meets again tomorrow evening, when other medical men will present their views. Dr. Milne held that according to the present system a medical monopoly in the hospital had been practically created, injurious in its operation to the hospital.

Health Built Up

"I had a very bad cold which **settled on my lungs.** I was under doctor's care and was not able to get out of the house for eight weeks. I did not gain strength very fast and other remedies failing to help me or improve my case, I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken several bottles and my health is improved very much. Since I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla I **feel very much stronger** than for a long time past. I have recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to others, for it truly has been of great benefit to me." JOSEPH NEILEY, North Kingston, Nova Scotia.

Mr. Joseph Neiley

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are a mild cathartic. 25c.

OUR SALE CONTINUES.

Goods advertised on the 7th Instant can still be bought, and New Lines also.

FOR INSTANCE, WE SHALL OFFER THIS WEEK.

22 yards White Cotton for	$1.00
16 yards White Cotton, wider and better for	1.00
16 yards fair quality Ginghams for	1.00
Best Hochelaga Sheeting, 2 yards wide, for	21c.
Best Hochelaga Sheeting, 2¼ yards wide, for	26c.
Best Hochelaga Sheeting, 2½ yards wide, for	30c.
18 yards Flannelettes for	1 00
15 yards Flannelettes, good and soft, for	1.00
Fine Eiderdown Flannels, cream and fancy colored, at.	37½c.
Nice line of Children's Colored Border Handkerchiefs, per dozen	25c.

THE WESTSIDE. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

GOVERNMENT OF CITIES.

TO THE EDITOR:—That municipal government has proved imperfect and more or less a failure in all Anglo-Saxon cities goes without saying. As human nature is human nature, we may expect the same failure and the same abasement of municipal government and men to happen in the cities of British Columbia, where, indeed, it already exists in proportion to the magnitude and riches of the place. The defect of municipal government is apparent in its executive function. Hon. Mr. Davie's bill is an effort to do away with these admitted imperfections. Anyone would think that instead of senselessly giving uncontrolled opposition to the measure it would be far more to the purpose were they to offer suggestions for its improvement and for remedying the imperfections of municipal law.

Many statesmen have endeavored and are trying to find a remedy, thus far with but little success for obvious reasons to those who know anything about the abasement of municipal government. It used to be generally understood in this city that the mayor was and should be the chief executive officer of the corporation, having control and supervision over all the executive offices and the incumbents thereof, as also the appointment of efficient officers. Further, with the aid of these efficient officers, to propose and direct the executive works necessary to be performed during the year, leaving to the aldermen the power of passing the necessary by-laws.

It is quite apparent that the mayor has by some means or other lost his proper position and has become a mere dummy, or chairman, leaving his executive functions to be performed by several committees with most egregious blundering as regards public works. The municipal government of Victoria has already declared its incapacity by appointing commissioners to carry out and supervise its sewerage works, and it is expected that shortly the waterworks and other undertakings of the municipal government will be placed under commissioners for similar reasons. It will be seen, then, that the control of municipal works by commissioners exists at the present time, and it is generally acknowledged with very beneficial results to the city.

Mr. Davie's bill aims at extending this beneficial form of executive government to any city of British Columbia which may feel disposed to adopt it whenever occasions may happen, and which are likely to happen sooner or later as in other municipalities. Before this bill can be put into force, in Victoria at all events, a petition signed by at least four hundred people must be presented to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council asking to place Mr. Davie's act before the electors for adoption or rejection by a majority. It is quite clear that before four hundred people in Victoria would sign such a petition there must be something very radically wrong with the municipal council of Victoria. It is equally clear that the citizens at the election would vote yes or no as their wishes or duty prompted them, so that it would rest entirely with themselves whether they adopted the act or not.

Further, it is quite apparent from the tenor of the act that the citizens of Victoria, if after having accepted the act they should find it unsuitable, could return back to the old municipal government by a like vote; therefore it is clear that the act has no force or effect whatever until or unless the citizens of the municipality desire that it should be put in force by their own wish and action.

It will be a good thing to have Mr Davie's bill on the statute book ready to be used should the abasement of any municipal council necessitate its being put in force. In the main it is a remedial measure. As time goes on the act may be amended, or if any better remedy be forthcoming for the correction or removal of the faults connected with municipal government the act can be repealed.

In conclusion let it be remarked that in all parts of the world remedies for the existing evils in municipal governments are being sought for by the best intellects of the land, so that it is likely sooner or later some remedy will be found. Human nature is human nature all the world over, as this seems to be the great obstacle to the adoption of any remedial measures. X.

ANSWERS TO J. STUART YATES.

TO THE EDITOR:—In answer to the questions appearing in your issue of Tuesday, I have not and never have received any money from the Victoria & Sidney Railway Company for land which belongs to the Corporation of the city of Victoria.

I have not and never have received any money by mistake, therefore could not have been informed of the fact, and consequently had no money to pay back either to the city or the company.

I was a member of the committee to whose notice, by the City Engineer, the error in the old traverse of the lake was brought, and I endeavored to have the matter rectified (which will have to be done sooner or later) by getting the permission of the council to consult the city barristers. The correspondence and all information, including plans, can be seen at the city hall.

S. T. STYLES.

PERSONAL.

S. Kidd, M.P.P., arrived on the Charmer last evening.

George L. Courtney and wife have returned from the East.

Personal.

Not believing in a personal canvass, I take this means of respectfully asking the electors of Central Ward for their votes and influence. JOHN PARTRIDGE. *

Jamieson has just received a large supply of "Marchant's Botanical Note Books." *

CLEARANCE SALE
—OF—
WINTER CLOTHING
—AND—
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
—AT—
S. REID'S,
No. 122 GOVERNMENT STREET.
SALE NOW ON
ja6

THE Estey Organ LEADS THE WORLD.

274,000
NOW IN USE.

M. W. WAITT & CO.
SOLE AGENTS, VICTORIA, B.C.
CATALOGUES AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.

RAIN REQUIRES RESISTING RUBBERS.
WRAP
Your tiny feet in a pair of Storm Rubbers Up-to-date styles in all kinds of Footwear. at
MANSELL'S,
95 GOVERNMENT ST.
N. B.—Fancy Footwear a specialty.
de16

EDUCATIONAL.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS, 31 MEARS STREET,
Will re-open Friday, January 11th. For terms etc., apply to MISS GALLEY, P.O. Drawer 36.
ja8-12t

A CHANCE TO BUY MEN'S CLOTHING FOR VERY LITTLE MONEY

The undersigned, having secured a quantity of Men's Suits and Pants from a wholesale house in the East, at about 60 cents on the dollar, will offer them for the next two weeks at a small advance on cost. There are Men's Tweed Suits, heavy, all-wool, well made and trimmed, good value at $12.00, our price $7.50. Other lines in proportion. Men's Pants, regular price $1 75 and $2.00, our price $1 25. Men's Fine Tweed Pants, regular price $3.00 and $3.50, our price $2.25. We want you to examine these goods. We will not press you to purchase. On all other lines of Clothing we will give a reduction of **25 PER CENT.** until January 31, when we take stock. Men's and Boys' Overcoats, Suits and Pants—the largest stock in the city to select from.

Gilmore AND McCandless
Nos. 35 and 37 Johnson Street.

NOTICE—No shooting allowed on Fairfield Farm; trespassers will be prosecuted.
au31

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

First Session of the Seventh Parliament.

THIRTY-FOURTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, January 15, 1895.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p.m.

Prayers by Ven. Archdeacon Scriven.

MR HUME moved for a return giving the evidence presented to the commissioner on the charges against Captain Fitzstubbs. Agreed to.

MR. SWORD moved for the production of the correspondence relating to Canadian Pacific Railway assessments. He wishes to find out why no assessment has been paid under the act of 1894. Agreed to.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

HON. COL BAKER introduced the following bills, which were read a first time:

To amend the graveyard act and amending acts;

To authorize the granting of a prospecting license over and a lease of certain lands in Cariboo district.

PRIVATE BILLS.

MR. COTTON moved the second reading of the Burrard Inlet Railway & Ferry Company's bill, providing for an extension of time for commencing and completing operations. Agreed to.

MR ROGERS moved the second reading of the Victoria Hydraulic Mining Company's bill. Agreed to.

The house went into committee on the North Vancouver Electric Company's bill, Mr. Adams in the chair. Reported complete without amendments.

The Columbia & Kootenay railway bill was considered in committee, Mr. Smith in the chair, and reported complete without amendments.

VANCOUVER'S CHARTER.

MR COTTON moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Vancouver city charter. As the matter has been very fully discussed in committee he did not think it necessary to make any lengthy explanations, but would simply review in brief the several provisions. The most noteworthy of these are, first, that provision is made for a change in the term of office of the aldermen, from two years to one, as it is considered that a good official can be re-elected if desirable, and for those who are not good officials the shorter time they are in office the better. One of the changes made in committee is with respect to the vote required to pass a money by-law, which the bill now provides shall be not less than three-fifths of the votes upon the question. The new departure, for Vancouver, of paying aldermen is proposed, authority being asked to allow them up to $400 a year, as in Victoria. There are a great number of minor amendments asked for in the forty-eight sections of the bill.

MR. HUNTER said, in view of the frequent and voluminous amendments asked for by the cities working under separate charter, he thought the time has now come when the government should take the matter into its own hands and pass an act to govern all the cities, instead of permitting the legislation to go on in this hap hazard manner.

THE SPEAKER said his attention had been called by the Law Clerk to certain supposed irregularities in connection with the introduction of this bill, and in order that he might be able to look into the matter he thought it should stand over for an hour or so.

MR WILLIAMS accordingly moved the adjournment of the debate. Agreed to.

NANAIMO WATERWORKS COMPANY.

The house again went into committee on the bill to amend the Nanaimo waterworks company's act, with Mr. Bryden in the chair. The amendment by Mr. Forster specifically reserving the rights of the crown and the freedom of the legislature as to future action, and the further amendment by Mr. Sword that these reservations apply only to the new privileges now to be granted, were the matters which first came under consideration. These amendments having been modified at the instance of Hon. Mr. Pooley so as simply to reserve whatever rights are possessed by the crown, were adopted, and the bill was reported complete with amendments.

RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY.

MR. KELLIE resumed his remarks on the adjourned debate on the second reading of the bill to amend the Red Mountain railway act. The information he wished to set before the house to show that it is quite possible to build a line in British Columbia territory he was informed has been despatched, but it has not yet arrived here. He wished to repeat what he said the other day, that the promoters of the bill, when before the railway committee, created the wrong impression that a line to serve the purposes of the mines could not be built altogether in British Columbia. In order that he might be able to produce his information to the contrary, he wished the motion to stand until Monday next.

MR HUME therefore moved the adjournment of the debate, endorsing the remarks of his colleague from Kootenay.

MR EBERTS opposed further adjournment, as he declared that ten thousand telegrams from Kootenay would not affect Mr. Corbin so as to make him build the proposed railway directly at right angles to the way he thought it should be built. The house must remember that the question is simply whether or not the time for exercising the authority already conferred on the company shall be extended.

MR. KELLIE said the point is that the bill passed the railway committee in consequence of a wrong impression created by the promoters, which he wished an opportunity to correct.

HON. COL. BAKER agreed with Mr. Kellie that if the bill was recommended to the house under a false impression the proper information should now be produced.

Debate accordingly adjourned until Monday next.

NEW WESTMINSTER CITY.

MR KENNEDY moved the second reading of the bill to amend the act incorporating the city of New Westminster. Its chief provisions, he said, are to do away with the ward system and to reduce the qualification for aldermen. Though it has been petitioned against by 151 persons who ask that the separate charter shall be repealed so that the city may come under the general municipal act, he wished to point out that the amendments were prepared by the old council and have been supported by the council elect. As to the petition, he found that 17 of those who signed it were not on the voters' list, and he thought that such a petition could not have very much weight.

THE SPEAKER said there was the same objection to this bill as to that of Vancouver city already referred to by him this afternoon. This is in respect to the informality of the notices, in which—contrary to the rules of the house—the objects of the bill are not set forth in detail. He would not rule it out of order, as he believed that while the bill was before the committee an honest effort had been made to cure the defects, but if it is at any stage objected to by any member on a point of order he will have to sustain the objection. He thought it well to state now that next session he will strictly enforce the rules of the house in respect to the matter to which he had called attention. He would not now rule out of order the Vancouver bill, to which the remarks just made equally apply.

HON. MR DAVIE thought the house ought to take some action with respect to the petition against the New Westminster bill, so that its request may be either granted or refused. He would not, however, oppose the second reading, as there are doubtless many features of utility in the bill

MR KENNEDY said one gentleman whose name was on the petition against the bill has written to him to say that it can be taken off, as it was put there under false pretences; and two members of the present city council whose names were also on the petition have since moved and seconded a resolution in favor of the bill. A petition can be got up in favor of anything, no matter how absurd.

MR. BOOTH thought it nearly time that the house should draw the line and declare that the general municipal act must come into force in all the cities.

Bill read a second time.

The Vancouver act amendment bill was also read a second time.

BILLS ADVANCED.

MR. EBERTS, in the absence of Mr. McGregor, moved the second reading of the Nanaimo city waterworks bill. Agreed to.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:

Provincial voters bill—Hon. Mr. Davie.

Bills of sale bill—Hon. Mr. Davie.

Revenue act amendment bill (having been considered in committee, Mr. Eberts in the chair)—Hon. Mr. Turner.

The bill respecting the incorporation of cheese and butter associations (Hon. Mr. Turner) was considered in committee, Mr. Rithet in the chair, and reported complete with amendments.

The bill respecting the registration of cattle brands (Mr Prentice) was read a third time and passed.

The bill for the incorporation of the British Columbia Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (Hon. Col. Baker) was considered in committee, reported complete, read a third time and passed.

SCHOOL ACT.

MR. KENNEDY moved the second reading of the bill to amend the school act so as to provide that whenever a detailed account of the expenditure of the school board is advertised with the annual statement of the corporation, it shall not be necessary for the board also to advertise the statement. Agreed to.

The house went into committee on the bill Mr Kellie in the chair.

MR HELMCKEN moved to add a new section providing that the requirement of actual residence as a qualification for a school trustee shall be declared to be complied with by having residence or ordinary place of business within the limits.

This amendment being objected to, notice not having been given, Mr. Helmcken gave notice that he would move it on report.

Bill reported complete without amendments.

WOODMAN'S LIEN.

On further consideration of the report on the woodman's lien for wages bill (Mr. Williams) Hon Mr. Davie moved to add a clause exempting from the operation of the lien "sawn timber sold in the ordinary course of business" Adopted on division.

Bill read a third time and passed.

THE LIEN LAW.

MR. HELMCKEN moved the second reading of his bill respecting liens by mechanics and laborers and others, which he explained is designed to take the place of that introduced by the Attorney-General early in the session but subsequently withdrawn. He considered some such measure as this to be desirable, despite the judgment rendered the other day that a lien may now be attached notwithstanding the act of 1891; and also in view of the decisions with respect to the important suit for $350,000 in the matter of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway, a special clause being inserted in accord with the judgment given a few days ago that a mechanics' lien cannot attach against a railway declared to be for the general advantage of Canada.

MR WILLIAMS opposed the motion as he thought that the house has wasted enough time already this session in fruitless attempts to pass the bill of this description already introduced.

MR COTTON would vote for the second reading, especially as the mover said he would not object to suggestions of amendment in committee.

HON. COL BAKER supported the motion, considering this the most perfect lien bill yet presented to the house.

HON. MR. DAVIE supported the bill, which he considered very much to the same effect as the one he had introduced at the beginning of the session, though no doubt with improvements. He had expressed the intention of dealing on report with the mischievous amendments made in a poorly attended committee, but found that that would be a matter of such difficulty that he withdrew his bill, with the intention of bringing in a new one of which he had given notice. He was very glad, however, that the hon. third member for Victoria had taken off his shoulders the burden of dealing with the matter.

Read a second time.

ADJOURNMENT.

HON. MR. DAVIE, considering it well that the hon. members, from Nanaimo and Victoria and elsewhere, who desired to take part in the municipal elections should be afforded an opportunity to do so, moved that the house at its rising do stand adjourned until 2 o'clock on Friday. Agreed to.

COLONIZING.

HON. COL BAKER said, in view of the great interest taken by the house in the Bella Coola colony, he wished to announce that another addition has been made to it—a child having been born there. (Applause.) It is a girl, and is to be called Bella—though he hoped it would not prove horrida bella. (Hear, hear)

PROROGATION.

MR SEMLIN inquired when prorogation might be expected.

HON. MR. DAVIE replied that it would be as soon as the house got through with the business. (Hear, hear.) The government, he thought, had little more to bring down, though there would be some small supplementary estimates.

The house adjourned at 5:45 p.m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. McGregor—To introduce a bill intituled "An act to amend the coal mines regulation act."

Mr. Williams—That the standing orders of the house be suspended in regard to the bill to amend the Vancouver incorporation act, in so far as regards any irregularity in the manner in which the bill was brought into the house, and that the bill as reported from the private bills committee shall be held to be properly before the house.

Mr. Kennedy—A similar motion with respect to the New Westminster bill.

QUESTIONS TO BE PUT.

Mr. Williams—Is it the intention of the government to comply with the resolution of this house that the government should introduce legislation for the purpose of enforcing the residence of a supreme court judge at Vancouver? If so, when will such legislation be introduced?

MINING COMMITTEE.

The second report of the mining committee, presented on Monday, recommended a bill to grant rights to prospect over and "a lease of certain lands in Cariboo district," and not over "the McLeese claim in Cariboo district," as erroneously reported in the proceedings of that day.

THE CITY MARKETS.

No Changes in the Current of Trade or in the Range of Quotations.

There are no changes in current retail quotations this week, and general business is much the same as when last reported. Sealing demands continue to even a greater extent than last week, giving a good stimulus to the general trade. In almost every line the market is well supplied.

Current retail quotations are as follows:

FLOUR—Ogilvie's (Hungarian) per bbl....	$ 5.25
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)........	5.25
Premier	5.25
Three Star	5 25
Victoria	5.25
Lion	4.25
Royal	4.75
Portland roller	4.75
Snow Flake	4.50
Salem	4.50
Wheat, per ton	25 00@30 00
Oats, per ton	25.00@30.00
Barley, per ton	32.00@35.00
Middlings, per ton	25 00@30 00
Bran, per ton	20.00@25.00
Ground Feed, per ton	25.00@30.00
Corn, whole	45.00
" cracked	50.00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs.	.40
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	6
Potatoes, per lb	1½
" sweet, per lb	3
Bonapartes, per lb	1½
Rhubarb, per lb	15
Cabbage, per lb.	3@4
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00
Hay, baled, per ton	15@18.00
Straw, per bale	1.00
Green peppers, per lb	10@12
" cured, per lb	4 @ 5
Celery, per bunch	10@15
Onions, per lb	3
" Silver, per lb	.06
Eggs, Island, per dozen	35@40
" imported	25
Butter, fresh	25@40
" Creamery, per lb	30@35
Hams, American, per lb	18@20
" Canadian "	15@16
" Boneless "	20
Bacon, American, per lb	18@20
" Rolled "	12@16
" Long clear "	12½@15
" Canadian "	16@18
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard "	15@20
Golden Cottolene, per lb	12½@15
Meats—Beef per lb	7@15
Sides "	7@9
Veal	10@15
Mutton, per lb	7@12½
Pork, fresh, per lb	10@12½
Chickens, per pair	1.00@2.00
Turkey per lb	16@25
Geese per lb	15@25
Pigeons, per brace	50@75
Fruits—Apples per lb	4@5
Oranges (Australian) per doz	25@30
" (Japanese) "	15
" (Naval) "	50
" (Riverside) "	25
Lemons (California) "	40@50
" (Sicily) "	40@50
Pine Apples, apiece	35@40
Honolulu Bananas, per doz	25@40
Cranberries, per gallon	60
Geese, wild, each	75@1.00
Brant, per pair	60@75
Duck, teal, per brace	25@35
" mallard, per brace	65@75
" Pintail, per brace	50
Grouse, Blue, per brace	75@1.00
" Willow, per brace	75
Fish—Salmon (smoked) per lb	15@20
" " per lb	10
" Halibut	10@12
" Cod, per lb	6@8
" Small fish	5@6
" Flounders, per lb	6@8

Do not forget when you want anything in the house furnishing line, that Weiler Bros. is headquarters.

FOR ALDERMAN.

To the Electors of South Ward:

Having been requested to become a candidate for Alderman in South Ward, I beg to state that my services are again at your disposal. Trusting that my past record in the City Council has been satisfactory I respectfully ask your support at the forthcoming election.

ja10 H. A. MUNN.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I beg to offer myself as a candidate for re-election for South Ward. I have endeavored in the past to do my duty towards the city at large, and if elected will strive to continue so to do. With regard to measures which have been brought before the Council, such as water supply, aid to Royal Jubilee Hospital, etc., will receive my best attention, and any railroad scheme not pressing with undue weight on the finances of the city will also receive my favorable consideration.

Trusting my past actions have your approval, and requesting your support at the coming election, I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

ja10 D. R. HARRIS.

To the Electors of North Ward

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Having been requested by a large number of voters to offer myself for a candidate at the coming Election for the Board of Aldermen, I respectfully ask the favor of your votes and interest. Should you do me the honor to elect me as one of your representatives, it will be my endeavor to do all the good I can, in all the ways I can, to all the people I can. Yours obediently,

ja13-4t D. McNAUGHTON.

SCHOOL TRUSTEE ELECTION.

To the Electors of the Victoria City School District.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

We the undersigned, the retiring trustees on the School Board, respectfully offer ourselves for re-election. We trust that our efforts in the past have met with your approval and that on the present occasion we shall be again favored with your support and influence.

We have the honor to be
Your obedient servants,
CHAS. HAYWARD,
HENRY SAUNDERS,
ja11 J. B. LOVELL.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE.

To the Electors:

Having been requested to become a candidate for School Trustee at the ensuing Election, I have consented to do so, and hereby solicit the vote and interest of the electors.

As I have ample leisure to fulfil all the duties involved, I will, if elected, devote all necessary time to the promotion of efficient teaching and the well being of the pupils, having also due regard to economy in the disbursement of the city's funds.

ja13 D. CARTMEL

ELECTION CARDS.

MAYORALTY.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

At the request of a number of voters I beg to offer myself for re-election to the office of Mayor at the Municipal Elections for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

I beg to remain,
Your most obedient servant,

ja1 JOHN TEAGUE.

THE MAYORALTY.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA: LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I have thought it my duty to accept the invitation tendered by many of you to become a candidate for the office of Mayor, and I now declare this my intention. It is customary to put forward some idea of the pinciples and policy of one seeking public office, and especially on this occasion is it expected of candidates that they should attempt to justify the confidence which they seek to inspire. With this end in view I will briefly state my opinions as to civic administration. Nature has favored this city with one of the most beautiful sites in the world; and the very fact of a residence here is a constant delight to the dwellers within our gates. But that man may not destroy nor impair the sweetness of our surroundings, certain works are absolutely necessary and must be promptly carried out by corporate effort Foremost among them are:

A pure and wholesome water supply.

A complete sewer system.

A properly organized scavenger service.

These works, as is well known to some of you, have already engaged my attention, and I hope before long to see such primary essentials to our city's welfare efficiently secured.

There are other matters which, as we progress, will have to be undertaken in order to ensure our comfort and happiness. Among those requiring more immediate attention may be mentioned:

The straightening of suburban streets from that zigzag misery that now afflicts them.

The paving of the business portion of the city.

The grading of the new additions so as to be ready for sewer and water connections.

The Jubilee hospital question presses and must be settled without further delay, for as yet no arrangements have been made with that institution for the support of the sick poor of our city.

The fire department is inefficient. The Chief declares the city has outgrown the force and apparatus at his disposal; in short, the whole of the large North Ward is entirely without fire protection.

A new cemetery is one of the pressing needs of our city. This can easily be acquired and if properly managed need not be a drag upon the city revenue, but soon become a large source of profit and satisfaction to our citizens.

Railway connections directly with the East by the proposed "British Pacific," or any other transcontinental road that will make Victoria its terminus, should be given all possible aid and inducement.

The above are some of the measures I should endeavor to secure, always remembering that it is the duty of civic administration to secure an actual advantage to the ratepayer for his share of contribution to the revenue.

Owing to the large list of voters it is a physical impossibility for me to make a personal canvass. I therefore take this my only opportunity directly to address the individual elector and earnestly solicit your influence and votes.

I have the honor to be,
Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. KEITH-WILSON.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 9, 1895.

MAYORALTY

To the Electors of Victoria:

At the urgent solicitation of influential ratepayers and friends, I have, after deliberate consideration, consented to be nominated for the office of Mayor, relying on their support and that of others who may have confidence in my ability to fill that office. As I am not a believer in miracles, I shall not promise what I might, could, would or should do, if elected. Suffice it to say that any measure of improvement that would be of benefit to Victoria, especially railway connection (so hopefully pictured) will receive my fullest support, in common with the whole community.

I do not believe that an electorate that so recently returned four members to the present Parliament can so suddenly have degenerated as to have become incapable of handling municipal affairs without recourse to commissioners, but would advocate a longer term of office for Councillors, that important works of improvement undertaken by any Board of Aldermen may not be disarranged whilst under construction by an incoming or new board

It is unnecessary to recapitulate the thousand and one essential improvements which might be undertaken. The funds at the disposal of the corporation must regulate such matters

As candidates will be afforded the opportunity at the proper time and appointed place of publicly expressing their views, I shall reserve further remarks until that occasion, relying on the support of old friends and their influence in procuring that of new ones.

And have the honor to remain,
Obediently yours,
JNO. J. AUSTIN.

Victoria, B.C., 11th January, 1895. ja12

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—In compliance with the wishes of a large number of Electors, I offer myself as a candidate at the Municipal Election, and solicit your votes and influence.
Your obedient servant,

ja5 JOHN JARDINE.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for Alderman for the above Ward for the ensuing year.

ja8 W. G. CAMERON.

To the Electors of South Ward.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the Board of Aldermen at the coming Municipal Election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

ja11 WILLIAM WILSON, Ex-Ald.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I respectfully offer myself as a candidate at the forthcoming Election as Alderman, and solicit your votes and influence.

ja3 HEDLEY CHAPMAN.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

I beg respectfully to offer myself as a candidate for election as Alderman for the South Ward in the coming Election. Having had previous experience in the Council, and being in a position to devote considerable time to civic affairs, if elected, I will use my utmost endeavors to further the best interests of the South Ward and the city generally.

JOHN HALL.

James Bay, Jan. 1, 1895. ja3

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—At the request of many electors I beg to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the coming Election. Having been in business for a number of years, I fancy that I am well known to you all, and if elected, will try and do my best for this ward and the city generally. I am in favor of paving the principal streets, and of a permanent roadway in place of the present bridge. A new steam fire engine is much needed, and it will be my first step to procure an appropriation for the same and to redistribute the apparatus as the chief may direct. The streets in the business parts should be thoroughly cleaned before business hours. In my opinion the city engineer is perfectly competent to construct first-class filter beds to our waterworks and to advise the council on all matters in connection with those works and others pertaining to his office. I promise that if elected I will assist all measures that will promote the best interests of our city. I am, yours respectfully,

JOHN PARTRIDGE,
ja8 Lansdowne House.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—The undersigned will be a candidate for Alderman in the above Ward, and shall be glad to receive the votes of all who may think him worthy of their support.

ja9 ROBERT T. WILLIAMS.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for re-election as Alderman for the above Ward for the ensuing year.

ja5 WM. HUMPHREY.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I again offer myself as a candidate for re-election as Alderman for the above Ward, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

ja6 LOUIS VIGELIUS.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I again offer myself as a candidate for Alderman, and if elected I shall strive hard to further the best interests of the city.

ja8 S. T. STYLES.

To the Electors of Yates Street Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—At the request of many of the ratepayers, I have consented to stand as a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming Municipal Election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

SAMUEL LEON KELLY.
No. 228 Yates street,
Victoria B. C. ja1

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—In answer to a numerously signed requisition, I am a candidate for Alderman for the North Ward, and if elected will exert myself to secure pure, economical, efficient and just government under and by popular forms, and pledge myself to resist at all times any attempt to deny to the whole people the right of self government.

ja8 JOHN MACMILLAN.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—At the request of numerous ratepayers in North Ward, I beg leave to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming Election. Having already served two terms in the City Council, thereby gaining valuable experience, I am confident I would be able to do justice to the ward and to the city as a whole. I therefore respectfully solicit your influence and support.

ja9 EDWARD BRAGG.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming election.

ja10 JOHN KINSMAN.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—At the request of a number of ratepayers, I offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming Municipal Election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Yours, etc.,

de28 WM. ALLEN.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—

Allow me to be a Candidate for Election to the Aldermanic Board, at the coming Municipal Election:

de29 EDWARD A. LEWIS.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I again offer myself as a candidate for Alderman to the above Ward at the forthcoming Election.

ja5 W. J. DWYER.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Having been numerously requested to run for Alderman for North Ward. I respectfully ask your vote and influence. It will be my earnest endeavor, if elected, to advance in every way in my power the best interests of Victoria.

ja6 FRED. W. WELDON.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Having been requested by a large number of ratepayers to offer myself as a candidate at the coming Municipal Election, I respectfully ask your votes and influence.

ja8 A. J. McLELLAN.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—At the request of electors, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Alderman at the coming Election.

ja6 BEAUMONT BOGGS.

To the Electors of the North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I have been requested to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman for the above ward. I have no axe to grind, and if elected will transact your business as conscientiously as I would my own.

ja8-td H. E. LEVY.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 23,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, January 10th, 1895 Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily	M'l Vic.	STATIONS.	M'l Wel.	SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 1 Pass. Daily
De. 3.00 p m		Victoria	78	Ar. 12.00 n'n
" 3.04	1	Russell's	77	" 11.56
" 3.14	4	Esquimalt	74	" 11.46
" 3.17	5	Stewart's	73	" 11.43
" 3.20	6	Parson's Bridge	72	" 11.40
" 3.27	8	Langford	70	" 11.33
" 3.37	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.23
" 4.05	20	Summit Siding	58	" 10.55
" 4.30	28	Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.30
" 4.40	31	Cobble Hill	47	" 10.20
" 4.55	35	McPherson's	43	" 10.05
" 5.05	38	Koksilah	40	" 9.55
" 5.10	40	Duncan's	38	" 9.50
" 5.20	43	Somenos	35	" 9.40
" 5.27	47	Westholme	3	" 9.33
" 5.42	52	Chemainus	26	" 9.18
" 6.00	59	Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.00
" 6.09	62	Oyster Bay	16	" 8.51
" 6.40	73	Nanaimo	5	" 8.20
Ar. 7.00	78	Wellington		De. 8.00 a.m

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.
my4

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take Sleeping Ca at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 9:00 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East,

Running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars Family Tourist Sleepers, and first and second class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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Pullman Sleeping Cars
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THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.30 pm	Ml	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	82	...... Seattle......	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar.*...Tacoma.....Lv	Ml	8.00 am

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Freight and Passenger Agent
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The North-Western Line

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KANSAS CITY, OMAHA, SIOUX CITY

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F. W PARKER,
ja19 Puget Sound Agent Seattle.

PATCHWORK QUILTS.

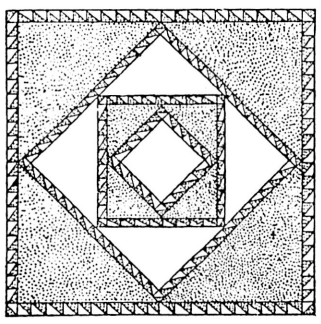
AN OLD FASHIONED PHASE OF NEEDLEWORK REVIVED.

Two Effective but Simple Designs of the Real Old Time Order—Directions For Finishing Off Lining and Quilting These Bright Bedcovers.

The old fashioned patchwork can never become entirely obsolete while there are in the majority of households little fingers just learning to hold the needle or failing eyes that require some simple occupation or pastime. The result of the hours pleasantly spent over the bright colored fragments is always acceptable to the good house mother, for these pieced quilts are light, warm, durable and easily cleansed.

Of late months everything which could be recognized as old fashioned is the new fashion, and this is as truly the case in needlework as in sleeves or furniture. The decree has gone forth that a revival of patchwork quilts is at hand, and dainty fingers whose owners have known only patches and patchwork from family description are busy placing the blocks together in new and artistic patterns as well as in the real old time order.

With an effort to aid prospective quiltmakers in avoiding the rock of ugliness and the whirlpool of intricacy a writer for The Ladies' Home Journal gives illustrated descriptions of a number of pleasing designs, among which are the



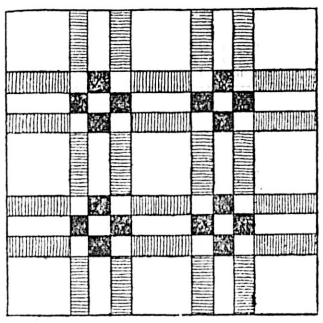
RED AND WHITE QUILT.

following: A quilt of red and white is made of turkey red and white cotton. The center square is 10½ inches. The surrounding strip is 2 inches wide. It is perhaps the most easily made and effective pattern that can be given. The quilt is made oblong by adding a strip at top and bottom and can be made larger or smaller by altering the size of the center square. Great care must of course be taken that all the patches are cut evenly and well.

A very simple and at the same time effective pattern is one that has been known as the album quilt unfortunately, which may prejudice some against the neat little squares that look so pretty either in blue and white or pink and white.

Having made the patchwork of the desired dimensions comes the finishing of the quilt. This is done by tacking two layers of wadding on the inner side. Then make a lining of soft white cotton exactly the same size and baste it very carefully upon the wadded patchwork. Be lavish with your basting thread, running it around the edges diagonally from corner to corner and across again after the fashion of the union jack. Give it some additional lines until the patchwork and lining are smoothly and firmly fastened together and ready for the final process of quilting.

The old fashioned quilting bars, into which the work is now ready to be fastened, insure the most perfect results. The lines that are to be followed with a light running stitch are marked with colored chalk in diamonds or squares of any angle or size preferred. A quilt-



THE ALBUM QUILT.

ing bee is the merriest and quickest way of finishing the quilt after all these preliminary preparations have been made. If the quilting bars and the bee are not attainable, the work may be spread upon a bed, and with a little extra care and trouble may be quilted in that way. The worst way of all is to use the sewing machine for the purpose, and the best is to find some skillful, old fashioned sewing woman who will take your dainty, bright patchwork, line it, quilt it in delicate, fine tracery and bind it for a moderate sum. A well made quilt will last in constant use for many years and can be renovated by recovering when worn or faded.

Baked Stuffed Ham.

This is a recipe from Good Housekeeping: Wash the ham well, put in a pot of hot water and let it boil three hours. When nearly cold, take off the skin, make a rich dressing of one loaf of baker's bread, 3 large onions chopped fine, a large tablespoonful of butter, a teaspoonful of celery seed, a teaspoonful of ground sage, a teaspoonful of thyme, a plentiful supply of pepper and salt to taste. Make deep incisions in the ham and fill them with the dressing in such a way that when cut each slice may have some of the dressing in it. Beat 2 eggs well, mix with cracker crumbs and spread over the top, then sprinkle over that a little brown sugar. Bake slowly for 2½ or 3 hours, basting frequently with the juice that runs from the ham.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Balance Sheet, 31st December, 1894.

ASSETS.

SINKING FUNDS.

Waterworks Loan By-law, 1873	$ 67,029 10	
Waterworks Amendment Act, 1875	49,195 10	
Waterworks Loan By-law, 1877	11,581 50	
Corporation By-law, 1878	14,854 20	
Public Lighting By-law, 1885	6,194 95	
Drainage By-law, 1885	1,939 00	
Waterworks By-law, 1886	11,247 20	
Streets and Bridge By-law, 1886	4,048 65	
Johnson Street Sewer By-law, 1888	2,632 25	
Waterworks By-law, 1888	1,759 35	
Streets, Bridges and Cemetery By-law, 1889	4,981 60	
Waterworks $70,000 By-law, 1889	7,738 30	
Waterworks $60,000 By-law, 1889	6,638 30	
Pleasure Grounds By-law, 1889	2,763 70	
Fire Department By-law, 1889	1 634 00	
Flour Mill Bonus By-law, 1889	1,589 03	
City Hall Addition By-law, 1893	3 985 04	
Cemetery By-law, 1890	1,422 00	
Sewerage By-law, 1890	11,328 75	
Public Market Site By-law, 1890	1,699 40	
Public Market Building, By-law, 1890	2,076 69	
Crematory By-law, 1890	895 07	
Agricultural Association By-law, 1891	2,150 85	
Loan City Victoria Act, 1892	11,613 35	
Street Loan By-law 1892	336 40	
Surface Drains By-law, 1893	2,132 80	
Educational Loan By-law, 1893	952 85	
Electric Light By-law, 1894	18 10	
Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital By-law, 1894	57 30	
Exhibition By-law, 1894	41 25	
Sewerage By-law, 1894	164 95	
		$237,701 09

MUNICIPAL TAXES AND FEES OUTSTANDING.

Water Rents	$ 9 493 79	
Cemetery Fees	48 75	
Trades Licenses	1,027 50	
Insurance Tax	600 00	
Land and Improvement Tax	68,910 66	
Board of Health Special Fund	9,363 73	
Market Rents	80 00	
		$ 89,524 43

BANK BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

General Account	$ 3,509 44	
Educational Loan Acct.	1,231 93	
Contract Deposit Acct.	3 453 53	
Board Health Fund	5,131 81	
City Victoria Act	75 20	
Surface Drains Account	731 55	
Electric Lights, 1894	23,529 83	
Sewerage, 1894	56,938 77	
Exhibition Loan, 1894	38 91	
Waterworks, 1894	148,143 36	
Gymnasium	5 65	
		242,789 98
B. C. Corporation Ltd. (Crematory Loan)		10,000 99
J. Gosnell		59 98
Cash		1,097 75
Corporation of Victoria, being excess of liabilities over assets		1,468,476 76
		$2,049,650 98

LIABILITIES.

LOANS.

Waterworks, 1873	$ 92,700 00	
do 1875	50,000 00	
do 1877	20 000 00	
Corporation, 1878	20,000 00	
Public Lighting, 1885	16 000 00	
Drainage, 1885	5 000 00	
Waterworks, 1886	75,000 00	
Streets and Bridge, 1886	60,000 00	
Waterworks $70,000, 1889	70,000 00	
do $60,000, 1889	60,000 00	
Johnson St Sewer, 1888	30,000 00	
Waterworks, 1888	20,000 00	
Pleasure Grounds, 1889	25 000 00	
Fire Department, 1889	15,000 00	
Streets, Bridges and Cemetery, 1889	45 000 00	
Flour Mill Bonus, 1889	10,000 00	
City Hall Addition, 1890	35,000 00	
Cemetery, 1890	12,500 00	
Sewerage, 1890	300,000 00	
Public Market Site, 1890	45,000 00	
do Building, 1890	55,000 00	
Crematory, 1890	10,000 00	
Agricultural Association, 1891	25,000 00	
City Victoria Act, 1892	188,000 00	
Street Loan, 1892	25,000 00	
Surface Drains, 1893	125,000 00	
Educational, 1893	85,000 00	
Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, 1894	35,000 00	
Exhibition, 1894	25,000 00	
Sewerage, 1894	100,000 00	
Electric Lighting, 1894	55 000 00	
Waterworks, 1894	150,000 00	
Deposits for use of Streets	250 00	
Contract Deposit Account	3,453 53	
Pemberton Gymnasium	5 65	
Waterworks Current Account	170,869 30	
Unpaid Interest	1,192 50	
		$2,049,650 98

City Hall, January 7, 1895.
Certified Correct.
JAMES L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
CHARLES KENT, Treasurer.

Receipts and Expenditures, 1894.

RECEIPTS.

From January 1st to December 31st, 1894.

Cash on hand		$ 3,015 96
Bank of British North America—Balance 1st January, 1894		2,437 08
Land and Improvement Tax		179,658 12
Water Rates and Rents		50,689 93
Trades Licenses		16 070 00
Liquor		18,095 00
Provincial Revenue Tax		12,351 00
Fire Insurance Companies' Tax		9,975 00
Police Court Fines and Fees		4 463 25
Road Tax		3,430 00
Cemetery Fees		2,935 75
Dog Tax		712 60
Pound Fees		689 35
Market Rents and Fees		3,034 80
Miscellaneous Receipts		5,124 38
Provincial Government Education per capita grant		16,413 20
Provincial Government in aid of Fire Department		500 00
Provincial Government Refund under Section 109 Municipal Act, 1892		2,200 76
Interest		2,916 33
Interest from investment of Sinking Funds		8 232 40
		$342,935 91
Board of Health Fund—Balance on hand January 1st, 1894	$ 18,513 44	
Arrears	2,624 72	
Refunds re Darcy Island Leper Station	299 47	
Interest on above	435 85	
		$ 21 843 48
		$364 779 39

City Hall, January 7, 1895.
Certified correct. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

STATEMENT.

Showing details of miscellaneous receipts:

Street lines and grades	$ 150 00
Pensions from inmates of "Home for the Aged"	156 19
Donations from Capt. Power for "Home for the Aged"	500 00
Corporation of Vancouver refund	38 61
Sale of catalogues "Library"	18 00
Sale of hay and wood "Park"	104 00
Removal of building	10 00
Cash owing to J. H. Scollo, deceased for wages (buried at expense of the city)	6 00
Corporation seal	2 00
Searching minutes	25
Refund from Sewerage Loan, 1894, for pipe	4,050 00
Drivers' licenses	14 00
Registration of vehicles	75 00
Plumbers' licenses	25
	$ 5,124 38

City Hall, January 7, 1895.
Certified correct. CHAS KENT, Treasurer.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

EXPENDITURE.

From January 1st to December 31st, 1894.

SUMMARY.

I.	City Debt	$122,537 49
II.	Municipal Council	5,030 00
III.	Civic Salaries	67,118 84
IV.	City Institutions (maintenance)	37,560 62
V.	Buildings and Surveys	5,760 71
VI.	Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks	29,893 99
VII.	Miscellaneous Expenditure	25 550 45
VIII.	Education	44,936 62
IX.	Board of Health	16,711 67
		$355,100 39

City Hall, January 7, 1895.
Certified correct, CHAS KENT, Treasurer.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

DETAILED EXPENDITURE.

Statement showing the expenditure for 1894 as brought to account in the treasury of the City of Victoria from 1st January to 31st December, 1894.

I. CITY DEBT—

Interest on Debentures	$75,212 90	
Guarantee of Interest, Victoria & Sidney Railway	9,000 00	
Interest under annual Loan By-law, 1894	2,233 53	
		$ 86,446 43
Sinking Funds	$27,553 48	
Interest from Investment of Sinking Funds	8,231 40	
		$ 35,785 88
Brokerage and Exchange		305 18
		$122,537 49

II. MUNICIPAL COUNCIL—

The Mayor	$ 1,700 00
The Aldermen	3,330 00
	$ 5,030 00

III. CIVIC SALARIES—

Treasurer's Office	$ 4,157 29
City Clerk's Office	2,880 00
Assessor's Office	2,475 00
Janitor	731 25
Temporary assistance, all departm'ts	411 50
Waterworks	4,672 45
Public Works	7,257 19
Cemetery	1 016 20
Park	787 50
Police	21,987 86
Fire Department	13,120 50
Library	731 20
Pound	910 50
Home for Aged and Infirm	600 00
Public Market	900 00
Street Lighting	4,470 40
	$ 67,118 84

IV. CITY INSTITUTIONS (MAINTENANCE)—

Waterworks	$ 10 328 87
Cemetery	3,107 64
Pound	101 85
Park	1,501 76
Police	5 587 45
Fire Department	6,415 35
Library	426 40
Street Lighting	5,275 38
Home for Aged and Infirm	3,778 41
Public Market	292 96
Sewerage	744 55
	$ 37,560 62

V. BUILDINGS AND SURVEYS—

City Hall Additions and Repairs	$ 2,601 10
Market Property	469 67
Fire Halls	874 57
Electric Light Building	28 00
Furniture	514 30
Defining Streets	498 25
Naming Streets	100 00
Survey Elk Lake Watershed	674 82
	$ 5,760 71

VI. STREETS, BRIDGES AND SIDEWALKS—

For all purposes	$ 29,893 99

VII. MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE—

Election Expenses	$ 775 15
Advertising and Printing	3,980 10
Stationery	923 32
Postage	280 00
Telegrams and Messenger Service	87 50
Telephone Service	1,424 00
Fuel and Light	2,287 66
Hacks and Express	208 25
Fire Insurance	1,749 00
Legal Advisers' Annual Retaining Fee	500 00
Legal Expenses	2 300 85
Refunds	182 16
Charitable Aid Fund	2,163 87
Commission on Revenue Collections	1,274 16
Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital	2,000 00
B. C. Agricultural Association	825 00
Queen's Birthday Celebration	1,000 00
Relief Work	1,000 00
Miscellaneous not detailed	2 589 43
	$ 25,550 45

VIII. EDUCATION—

Board of School Trustees	$ 11,025 62
Teachers' Salaries	33,911 00
	$ 44,936 62

IX. BOARD OF HEALTH—

Salaries	$ 2 783 69
Garbage Contract	8,395 00
Darcy Island Station for Lepers	1 724 12
Isolation Hospital	1,791 93
Morgue	779 95
For all other purposes	1,236 98
	$16,711 67

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under Authority of the Crematory By-Law.

1894. Jan. 1. Balance on hand	$10 543 86	Paid interest on Coupons	$ 1,000 00
Accrued interest	457 13	Balance on hand 31 Dec., 1894	10,000 99
	$11,000 99		$11,000 99

Certified Correct, JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under authori y of the City of Victoria Act, 1892.

Bonds sold	$ 6,000 00	Balance 31 December, 1893	$ 6,087 17
Premium on same	150 00	Expenditure to do	46 10
Accrued interest	2 57	Balance on hand	75 20
Interest on debentures from 15 December, 1893, to 22 February, 1894	56 70		
	$ 6 209 27		$ 6,209 27

Certified Correct, JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under Authority of the Educational Loan By-Law, 1893.

1894. Jan. 1 Balance on hand	$ 45 272 66	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1894	$44 624 53
Accrued Interest	583 80	Balance on hand, " "	1,231 93
	$45,856 46		$45,856 46

Certified correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor
City Hall, Jan. 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under authority of the Surface Drains By-Law, 1893.

1894. Jan. 1—Balance on hand	$58,371 06	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1894	$58,354 31
Accrued interest	714 80	Balance	731 55
	$59,085 86		$59 085 86

Certified correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7, 1895. CHAS KENT, Treasurer

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under authority of the Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894.

Bonds sold	$55,000 00	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1894	$32,029 92
Accrued interest	559 05	Balance	23,529 83
	$55 559 05		$55,559 05

Certified correct. JAS. L RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, Jan. 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under authority of the Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1890.

1894. Jan. 1—To balance on hand	$ 90 20	Transfer to Sewerage account, 1894	$ 92 70
Accrued Interest	2 50		
	$ 92 70		$ 92 70

Certified correct, JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7. 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under authority of the Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1894.

Amount of Bonds sold	$100,000 00	Discount on Bonds	$ 440 00
Accrued Interest	980 70	Expenditure to Dec., 31st, 1894	43 694 63
Amount from Sewerage acc't, 1890	92 70	Balance on hand	56,938 77
	$101,073 40		$101 073 40

Certified correct, JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under authority of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital By-Law, 1894.

Amount of bonds sold	$ 35,000 00	Discount on bonds	$ 154 00
		Expenditure to 31 December, 1894	34,846 00
	$ 35,000 00		$ 35,000 00

Certified Correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, Jan. 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under authority of the Exhibition Loan By Law, 1894.

Amount of bonds sold	$ 25,000 00	Discount on bonds	$ 110 00
		Expenditure to 31 December, 1894	24,851 09
		Balance on hand	38 91
	$ 25,000 00		$ 25,000 00

Certified Correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, Jan. 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Loan under Authority of the Water Works Loan By-Law, 1894.

Amount of Bonds sold	$150 000 00	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1894	$ 4,700 89
Premium on " "	2,340 00	Balance	148,143 36
Accrued Interest	504 25		
	$152 844 25		$152 844 25

Certified correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

Balance Sheet Broad Street Local Improvement, Dec. 31, 1894.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Cash, Bank B. N. A.	$1,757 40	Loan	$10,788 00
Corporation of Victoria, being excess of liabilities over assets	9,030 60		
	$10,788 00		$10,788 00

Certified correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7, 1895. CHAS KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Broad Street Local Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1892.

1894. Jan. 1—To balance	$ 1,450 65	Interest on Debentures	564 00
Accrued Interest	68 28	Balance on hand 31st December, 1894	1,757 40
Assessments	802 87		
	$ 2,321 80		$ 2,321 80

Certified correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Pemberton Gymnasium Account.

To cash received from Executors Estate J. D. Pemberton	$ 3,000 00	Expenditure to 31st December, 1894	$ 3,015 80
Accrued interest	21 45	Balance	5 65
	$ 3 021 45		$ 3 021 45

Certified correct. JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, January 7, 1895. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

VICTORIA REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS

—OF—

JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

MINCE MEAT. MINCE MEAT.
Four tons, in 1-lb. glass jars and 5 lb. wooden pails. FIT FOR A KING The best ever put upon the B.C. market. Manufactured and wholesale by
FALCONER'S VINEGAR, PICKLE & JAM WORKS,
126 and 128 Fort Street,
Telephone 473. Victoria, B.C.

BOUCHERAT & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Wines and Liquors.

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

—$500 PREMIUM.—

A premium of $500 is hereby offered for plan to be approved by the Corporation fo Filter Beds at Beaver Lake.

Plans will be received in competition for th said premium until the 28 h day of January instant, at 4 p.m., at the office of the under signed.

All the necessary information will be su plied at the office of the city Engineer.

The Corporation reserves the right to rejec any or all plans submitted in competition.

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 3, 1895. ja4

The Mechanics Lien Act, 1891

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that we, Daniel McIntyre and Phil. Chapman Butts, Assignee for the benefit of creditors of the said Daniel McIntyre, who claim a lien for money, skill and materials bestoyed upon 7,558,750 feet of logs now lying in the North Arm of Cowichan Lake, in the Province of British Columbia, by the said Daniel McIntyre for the sum of $8,381.65, being a balance due to the said Daniel McIntyre by Amos Jay Hughitt, of Genoa, Vancouver's Island, for such moneys, skill and materials bestowed upon said logs, will on the 30th day of January, instant, proceed to sell the said logs or so many thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the amount of the said lien and costs by receiving tenders in writing per thousand feet for said logs, addressed to Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, 20 Bastion Street, Victoria. The said logs are marked twice on each end with each of the following words: H. 4 (a circle); H. (and a circle 4).

Dated this 11th day of January, 1895.
"DANIEL McINTYRE,"
"PHIL. CHAPMAN BUTTS,"
Assignee for the benefit of Creditors of Daniel McIntyre. ja11-12t

In the Matter of the Estate of Peter McDonald, Late of Number 50 Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, Tobacconist, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Trustees and Executors Act, notice is hereby given by Rev. Joseph Nicolaye and the Right Rev. John Nicholas Lemmens, executors of the last will and testament of the above named Peter McDonald, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of March, A.D. 1894, that all creditors and persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are required to send in the particulars of such claims to the said executors at the offices of Messrs. Davie & Hunter, their solicitors, at number 21 Bastion street, in the said city of Victoria, on or before the 1st day of February, A.D. 1895; and notice is hereby also given that after the said last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria this 31st day of December, A.D. 1894.

DAVIE & HUNTER,
ja1-1m Solicitors for the Executors.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described lands: First Parcel—Commencing at a stake marked "British Columbia Canning Co's S E. Corner," south of Point Christopher on east shore of River's Inlet, thence 5 chains east, thence 5 chains north, thence 5 chains west, thence to starting point. Second Parcel—Commencing at a stake marked "British Columbia Canning Co.'s N. E. Corner," on Grassy Flat, west shore of Schooner Passage, River's Inlet, thence 10 chains south, thence 10 chains east, thence 10 chains north, thence to post or starting post.

BRITISH COLUMBIA CANNING CO., LTD.
Victoria, B. C., December 27, 1894. de28-1m

NOTICE.

Persons owning property on streets along which sewers are now being laid are requested to furnish information at the office of the City Engineer as to the manner in which they wish their premises connected with the public sewers.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.
September 10, 1894. se11 tf

NOTICE.

Waddington Alley, between Yates and Johnson Streets, is closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.
January 14, 1895. ja15 tf

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, between Government and Langley Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.
December 20th, 1894. de21-tf

NOTICE

Pembroke Street, between Douglas and Blanchard Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.
December 27th, 1894. de27-th

NOTICE

King's Road, between Douglas and First Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.
December 13, 1894. de14

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance," from the 1st day of April 1894, until the 1st day of April, 1895.

JAMES BAKER, Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
29th March, 1894. fe10-td

FOR MONUMENTS

Head Stones and all kinds of Cemetery Work. The largest stock in the Province to select from. Do not buy from designs, which are deceiving. Address or call on
J. E. PHILLIPS,
no13-3mo 76 View St.

THE CIVIC ELECTIONS.

To-day the Duly Qualified Electors Will Select Mayor and Council for 1895.

School Trustees Also to Be Chosen, and a Large Vote Looked For.

To-day the duly qualified electors of Victoria will select the city's mayor and aldermanic board for the current year, the list of candidates from among whom the choice is to be made being the largest that has been known in Victoria's history. For mayor, three gentlemen offer themselves; for aldermen there are fifteen candidates in the North ward, eight in Centre, and seven in the South ward; while the three retiring school trustees seek re-election, with two new men in the field against them. The list of candidates is as below:

For Mayor.

John Teague, architect.
John. J. Austin, real estate agent.
J. Keith Wilson, alderman.

For Aldermen.

NORTH WARD.

F. W. Weldon.
John Kinsman, contractor.
M. Humber, brickmaker.
H. E. Levy, capitalist.
A. J. McLellan, contractor.
John McMillan, patternmaker.
D. W. McNaughton, gentleman.
J. C. Blackett, carpenter.
William Allen.
E. A. Lewis, painter.
Edward Bragg, bricklayer.
W. J. Dwyer, grocer.
Beaumont Boggs, broker.

CENTRE WARD.

John Partridge, merchant.
S. T. Styles, builder.
William Humphrey, gentleman.
Dr. Richard Morrison, physician.
Robert T. Williams, bookbinder.
S. L Kelly, stove dealer.
Charles Williams, contractor.
Louis Vigelius, gentleman.

SOUTH WARD.

John Hall, gentleman.
W. G. Cameron, clothier.
William Wilson, plumber.
D. R. Harris, real estate agent.
John Jardine, painter.
H. A. Munn, alderman.
Hedley Chapman, gentleman.

For School Trustees.

Charles Hayward, contractor.
Henry Saunders, grocer.
J. B. Lovell, gentleman.
D. Cartmel, gentleman.
D. Spragge, machinist.

The voting places and hours are as hereunder set forth:

For Mayor—At the Police Court Room, City Hall.

For Aldermen for the North Ward—At the Public Market building, Cormorant street.

For Aldermen for the Central Ward—At Burnes' block, Bastion square.

For Aldermen for the South Ward—At No. 27 Government street, east side.

For School Trustees—At the Police Court room, City Hall.

Polling Hours—From 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.

AT VICTORIA WEST.

The North Ward Candidates Address the Ratepayers of this Suburb.

Mr. Orlando Warner occupied the chair at Tuesday evening's meeting in Victoria West, the merest mention of which could be made in yesterday's paper owing to shortness of space. Ald. J. Keith-Wilson, the only one present of the three mayoralty candidates, was the first speaker. He dealt briefly with the subjects referred to by him at public meetings earlier in the campaign, and explained his position in the matter of water improvement, particularly with reference to the visit of Mr. A. McL. Hawks. He advocated the acquisition of the Indian reserve by the city, but opposed its being devoted to the permanent endowment of a university, and expressed himself in favor of cedar block pavements, a new cemetery, and other substantial improvements in which all sections of the city are concerned, his remarks being well received.

Mr. Beaumont Boggs, who was chiefly responsible for the calling of the meeting, defined clearly in detail his position in the matter of the insurance tax, and expressed himself as heartily in favor of the day labor system as applied to municipal works. He was as heartily opposed to the employment of alien labor and believed in doing all that could be done for the assistance of home residents.

Mr. Fred Weldon was, he said, more of a worker than a talker, a fact which he hoped to demonstrate if honored with election. He dealt chiefly with the necessities of Victoria West in the way of fire and police protection, urging the immediate necessity of the city providing and equipping a fire station. For the present he thought that the work might be done by a volunteer brigade.

Mr. J. C. Blackett argued for the general adoption of the eight-hour working day. He believed in the closing of all saloons not later than 11 p.m., and hoped to see the curfew law introduced in Victoria. He urged the expenditure of more money upon improvements in the outlying sections of the city, the bringing of city water direct from Elk lake, and the paving of the city streets in small and easy sections.

Mr. Wm. Allen accused certain of the retiring aldermen of favoritism in the distribution of corporation work; in this connection he had in mind seven tenants of one alderman for whom employment had been found. He criticised the manner in which certain portions of the sewerage work had been carried out, and charged that money had in this connection been unwisely expended. His closing remarks were in regard to the inadequacy of the fire protection in Victoria West, a grievance which, if elected, he would do his utmost to make an end of.

Mr. A. J. McLellan spoke forcibly upon the sewerage question, pointing out defects in the present system. In regard to the transcontinental railway which was to build up Victoria into a great city, he would bend all his energies to the assistance of the projected road, the securing of which would not add any crushing burden to that borne by the ratepayers. He endorsed street paving and all other substantial improvements.

Mr. M. Humber favored the purchase of a chemical engine and the equipment of a fire station in Victoria West. He was an advocate of water improvement, the friend of the British Pacific, and a believer in the general efficiency of the police force. He was of the opinion that the first loan for sewer construction had been thrown away, that money could have been saved in the building of the new ward schools, and that a number of the inmates of the Old Men's Home are capable of earning their own living and should be made to do so.

Mr. E. A. Lewis protested that the ratepayers' money had been wasted in the offering of a $500 premium for plans for a James bay causeway; all such work, he held, should be done by the city engineer. He advocated the extension of fire protection, the acquisition of the Indian reservation, and the making of polling stations more numerous to suit the convenience of the ratepayers. He favored the division of the North ward and the liberal encouragement of the British Pacific.

Mr. H. E. Levy endorsed the application of the day labor system to all municipal work and the division of the North ward into two. He also was strongly in favor of the introduction of the Ontario "curfew" law for the benefit of the children.

Mr D. W. McNaughton was opposed to the contract system in corporation work. He favored street improvement—a stumping machine would not be valueless at present on some of the Victoria West thoroughfares—and would oppose such luxuries as music in the park, etc, until the necessities were first obtained. An equal distribution of expenditure was very needful and this was a matter to which if elected he would give his special attention.

Mr. John McMillan, referring to the proposal of several of the previous speakers to re-divide the North ward, said that this could not be done until certain desirable changes were first secured in the municipal act. These improvements and amendments to the act should be taken in hand without delay. He advocated the securing of the Songhees reservation for the permanent endowment of a provincial university—the crowning triumph of our admirable educational system. He favored the British Pacific project, but warned his audience against running into ruinous speculation and the acceptance of false values in connection with the building of the road. He denounced the published balance sheet of the corporation as unintelligible to the average reader, and suggested the adoption of the Eastern form of tax notice as giving necessary information to the ratepayer in more practical form

In reply to Mr. McMillan's remarks in connection with railway and educational matters, Mr. A J McLellan again took the platform, and pointed to the growth of Seattle, Tacoma, St. Paul and Minneapolis—all due to the presence of the railways. He advocated the giving of the Indian reservation when it should have been secured for the terminal works of a trans continental railway instead of for the endowment of a university

Mr. D. Cartmel, a candidate for election as school trustee, addressed the meeting briefly, advocating the infusion of new blood into the school board, and expressed himself as opposed to any reduction of teachers' salaries. He endorsed Mr. McMillan's remarks in regard to the necessity for assisting a provincial university, and placed himself on record as favoring physical instruction in the schools.

BEFORE THE BATTLE.

North Ward Electors Have a Final Meeting in the New School.

A fair number of electors of the North ward met in the North ward school house last night, Mr. George Jeeves in the chair, to hear the civic candidates, Mayor Teague not being present. Ald. Keith-Wilson expressed himself as more than pleased with the reception he had met with in the North ward. Notwithstanding that a few of his bitterest enemies were doing what they could against him, he expected to get a large part of his support from the North ward. (Applause.) Ald. Baker had, he was told, made an attack on him in the city hall after he (Ald. Keith-Wilson) had left the meeting on nomination day, and in short had told an untruth about him. Ald. Baker had accused him of bringing Mr. Hawks over to Victoria to report on the waterworks, and he said that Mr. Hawks had sent in a bill and expected to be paid for that visit. Mr. Hawks had in fact come over on his own responsibility and no bill for his services had been received by the city. He proceeded to read Mr. Hawks letter as follows:

TACOMA, Wash, Dec. 8, 1894.

To His Worship the Mayor of the City of Victoria, B. C.

MY DEAR SIR—Enclosed herewith please find my preliminary report upon the matter of your water works improvement as requested by yourself and the aldermen. I have briefly outlined the steps which I think should be taken by your city for the preservation and purification of its water supply.

If you desire my services in connection therewith I would be at your service upon the following conditions: (1) For this preliminary report and one consultation with your city engineer. I would charge $200. (2) To act with your engineer as the consulting engineer in drawing up all plans and making preliminary estimates, one per cent. of the gross cost thereof. (3) In addition to the above to make not less than five visits to your city to inspect the work while it is in progress, two and one-half per cent. of the gross sum; and finally, to take charge, draw all plans, perform all inspection, make estimates, etc., and be responsible for the matter in its detail and entirety, five per cent. of the cost of the work as completed.

(Signed), A. McL. HAWKS

The report had been in the Mayor's possession, but if he (Ald. Wilson) had been mayor the report would have been made public and Mr. Hawks paid for it. Turning to alien labor, Ald. Wilson showed how he had always favored letting the city contracts in small pieces so that the local men might have a chance. (Applause.) As to the electric light site his idea in getting it was because it was the most advantageous and gave the city wharfage facilities that would save money. As to the civic expenditures, he thought that the citizens should be satisfied with the way their finances had been conducted. Much was said about corrupt and bad city government. If they selected the best candidates they would hear no more of royal commissions. All kinds of lies had been going about. For instance, he had been accused of putting the Victoria & Sidney railway up to suing the city for $5,000 on account of the filling up of a culvert over which there was a dispute. On the contrary, he had strongly opposed any payment being made to the railway.

Ald. Baker said what he had stated on nomination day he was willing to back up It was plain that A. McL. Hawks had sent in a bill to the city. He read the letter of Mr. Hawks, and held that that gentleman would not have come here on his own account Though he had not said Ald. Keith-Wilson had sent for Hawks, in his own mind he (Ald. Baker) thought he had. (Laughter.)

"What has Mr. Hawks cost the city?" asked one gentleman.

"It's not what he cost the city, but what he might have cost the city," replied Ald. Baker.

Mr. J. J. Austin said that as the matter had seemed to take a somewhat personal turn he was glad he had no old crimes to atone for. (Laughter and applause.) He had published his card and had already expressed his views on labor and other matters. The contract system had not been as satisfactory as it might have been. It was apparent that all this tinkering had caused a lot of trouble. No man had the interests of the city more at heart than he had, and if a railway scheme came forward he would support it heartily if it was on a satisfactory basis.

Candidates Alderman Dwyer, D. Cartmel, D. Spragge, E Bragg, J. McMillan, M. Humber, A. J. McLellan, J. C. Blackett, John Kinsman, E. A. Lewis, Beaumont Boggs, J. Allan, and B. Levy also delivered addresses touching on the topics of the day.

THE FINAL SHOTS

Candidates in the Centre Ward and for the Mayoralty Address a Lively Meeting.

The last shots in the short but sharp municipal campaign were fired at a meeting held in the city hall last evening, the electors being brought together to hear the candidates in Centre ward. These occupied but a short time, and then the candidates for the mayoralty appeared for the last time on the platform, the proceedings becoming more and more animated as the hour advanced. Mayor Teague was called to the chair promptly at 8 o'clock, the hall even by that time being well filled, and no time was lost in, as His Worship expressed it, "getting down to the business of the occasion."

Mr. John Partridge, who was greeted with enthusiasm, prefaced his remarks by stating that not only was this his first appearance before the electors, but the first before any audience. He pointed to his card published in the press as defining his stand upon matters of municipal concern. He would work heartily and earnestly for better streets—streets such as were possessed by other cities of equal size and importance. As Victoria's streets were at present, her citizens felt ashamed to acknowledge that the city is thirty years old. He favored the extension of fire protection, and thought that the city should see to it that the necessary buildings and apparatus were provided, leaving the details to the proper official—the chief of the fire department. The water question was one in which he had always evinced keen interest, and he had watched with regret the neglect of the filter beds which had resulted in the unfortunate deterioration of the city water. The supplying of good water to the citizens was one of the first necessities. He did not think it was necessary in this matter—as in many others—to send abroad for an expert. The city engineer was a capable man, and the home talent was in his opinion sufficient for the occasion. In conclusion he promised if elected to deal straightforwardly and honestly with the interests of the city, using his best judgment in public affairs as though they were his own.

In answer to the inquiry of a ratepayer as to his stand on the subject of day labor vs. the contract system, Mr. Partridge declared himself in favor of the small contract system as the most business like. He knew that advocacy of day labor was the popular thing just at present, but he proposed to deal honestly and truthfully in this as in all other matters. He was not seeking votes at the expense of honesty.

Ald. Humphrey thought that his views on public affairs were pretty well understood. He referred briefly to the matter of sewerage, several speakers during the present campaign having pronounced the sewers a dismal failure. This he desired to contradict. The sewerage works were proceeding satisfactorily, and the completed sections had proved themselves workable. The funds under this head were not exhausted, and he thought the ratepayers had little cause for complaint. In connection with the much-discussed electric light station matter, he had this to say, that he thought the wrong site was purchased—a site too expensive. Had a cheaper site been taken there would have been plenty of money to do all the work and leave a balance in hand. The cemetery question next receiving his attention, he pronounced the present cemetery an unfortunate investment and urged caution in any purchase that might now be decided upon. Financial affairs were briefly touched upon, and Mr. Humphrey closed by saying that the retiring council resigned office with its debts paid and a small balance to the good—a record of which they had no reason to be ashamed.

Mr. Robert T. Williams was received with strong expressions of favor. He did not, he said, know that he could add much to what he had already said in defining his stand, and as it was useless to again go over the old ground his remarks would be brief and to the point. He was a candidate for a seat at the council board, and if honored with the votes required to elect him would bring to the service of the city, in which he was largely interested, all the business ability of which he was possessed. (Applause.) His interests were identical with those of his fellow electors to whom he looked for support—the interest of all was the prosperity of Victoria, to secure which would be his constant endeavor. (Applause.) "Getting down to business," he would tell briefly what Victoria should have without further delay and what the incoming council, however composed, should aim to secure. Good streets were badly needed, and like all other citizens having Victoria's interest at heart, he hoped to see the streets paved properly at the earliest possible day. Paving cost money, however, and a well paved city could not be got in a day. The money was not available for the immediate carrying out in its entirety of a work of such magnitude, but he would do all possible in this direction with the money at command, always seeing that due economy was observed. Progress should be made as rapid as possible but not at the expense of good value (Applause.) First and foremost, however, taking precedence of paved streets and all similar improvements, was the securing of a plentiful supply of pure water. (Applause.) This was something which did not admit of delay, for the health of the city was at stake. The work should be undertaken *at once* He understood from the members of the retiring council who had spoken that the money was in the bank. Then why should there be any further dangerous delay? He could see no reason why the improvement of the water should not be a thing accomplished within three months. (Hear, hear.) If elected, his first attention would be given to this subject, for he did not desire to see a repetition of last summer's experience with a liquid that "smelled to heaven." He might not be an expert or even a civil engineer, but common sense told him that the first thing to be done was to get the source clean in order that pure, sweet water might be procured. It would be necessary to get all the decaying wood, boggy islands and other filth out of the lake and give it to the flames. Then good water might reasonably be looked for; it could not be expected coming from the present mud hole. In connection with cemetery extension, he had years ago opposed the purchase of the Ross Bay site, predicting that it would soon become crowded and the city would draw towards it. He had been laughed at then and told that he was a visionary fellow and that Victoria would never have a population of more that 15,000, but the subsequent events had proved him to have been in the right. He now favored the purchase of a new cemetery site, but not at any exorbitant price. He saw no necessity of reviewing ground already covered, and closed amidst applause by assuring every elector of the ward that he would be glad to receive his vote and help and that if chosen he would do his best towards making Victoria a clean, attractive, healthful and well ordered city.

Recalled by a question from the audience, Mr. Williams placed himself on record as certainly desirous of supporting any business like proposition looking to the construction of the British Pacific railway—a line which Victorians were looking for and hoping for and which was coming. (Applause.)

Mr. Charles Williams promised to do his best for the city if elected, and retired to make room for

Ald. Louis Vigelius, who also promised fearless and honest service if returned. He was ready for street paving, he said, just as soon as the citizens were ready to furnish the money. He thought that the best possible had been done in regard to the water question, too great haste often being dangerous; and did not see the justice of abolishing the insurance tax. He believed in keeping down the taxation, and would make this his motto if re-elected.

The three other candidates for the ward—Ald Styles, Dr. Morrison and Mr. Kelly—not being present, and the shouts for Ald. Keith Wilson becoming more and more insistent, Mayor Teagus vacated the chair to Hon. Mr. Higgins and was retiring to a seat in the audience when

Mr. Gustav Leiser asked permission to address a question. It was in connection with the debentures issued by authority of the waterworks loan by-law. Was it true that there were four or five bids higher than that of the Imperial Trust Company to whom the debentures were sold, and that in passing over these higher tenders $2,200 was lost to the city?

Mayor Teague replied that it was perfectly true that the offer of the Imperial Trust Co. was not the best received. It was, however, the best bona fide tender. The council had with the assistance of the banks used every endeavor to locate the higher bidders, but they could not be found and were evidently men of straw. The transaction was an open and honest one and the bonds, despite the fact that an attempt had evidently been made to work a scheme, sold at the best price realized in the history of the city. He had nothing to be ashamed of in the matter; the facts were known as well to the members of the council as to himself.

Mr. Higgins then taking the chair,

Ald. Keith-Wilson responded to the vigorous call for him. He replied to Ald. Baker's recent attack in connection with the visit to Victoria of A. McL. Hawks, the water expert. Mr. Hawks had during the past eleven years developed an enviable reputation as a filtration expert. He was a specialist in this one subject; to be such it was not necessary that he should be a civil engineer or a land surveyor or anything of the kind. He had had no desire to go into the water improvement blindly, and had therefore asked the advice of a high government official competent to speak in the matter. So Mr. Hawks had come over and had visited the lake and given the council a large amount of practical and technical information. Before he left he had been asked by some member of the council to send back a report and he had done so, the covering letter explaining the terms on which his services could be obtained "should the council desire them" The council had not yet decided that they needed Mr. Hawks; they had not used or made public his really valuable report; and they had therefore incurred no obligations whatever. The whole fault with Mr. Hawks was that he had been bold enough to say that Elk lake was all right and thus bring upon his head the attack of those who wished to decry this valuable resource in order to sell out another water system. He (Mr. Wilson) had gone in for the improvement of our water upon a practical, common sense plan which meant a saving of $50,000 to the city, and all this cry against him was simply because he declined to be led by the nose and consent to the working off of a rival scheme—the unloading of an opposition water system upon the city. He declared himself in favor of the acquisition of a new cemetery as a business investment, and closed by expressing his confidence in the coming of the British Pacific as well as of an alternative line having its terminus at Port Angeles

Recalled to the platform by questions from the audience, and referring to Mayor Teague's remark that "other members of the council, as well as himself, were conversant with the facts of the bond sale transaction," Mr. Wilson said he did know about it. And he knew in this connection that Mayor Teague had by his child-like simplicity lost the city $2,200. Being asked after the bids had been opened, but before the highest tenderer could be communicated with and the bargain closed, he had sent down to the telegraph office the full list of prices offered. The result was that the highest bidders quietly dropped out and the city had to be content to accept a lower offer, with a loss of $2,200.

This brought Mayor Teague to the platform although he had twice declined the invitation to speak, having, as he expressed it, said already all that there was to say. He had made careful inquiry for the high tenderers, he said, "and what Ald. Wilson now stated was an infamous lie."

Ald. Keith-Wilson responding to this attack quoted the Mayor's own statement of the facts as published in the COLONIST on November 24, 1894 The extract was:

"It will be seen that it was not the highest tenderer to whom the debentures were awarded. Mayor Teague on being asked yesterday to explain why the loan was not awarded to Mr. Chapman, whose bid was $103 02 on the hundred dollars, explained that when the tenders were opened and Mr. Chapman was found to be the highest bidder, he wired to him at Montreal that the tender was accepted. No answer being received the banks and financial men in Montreal were communicated with, but still nobody seemed to know Mr. Chapman. In the meantime, *on the day succeeding the opening of the tenders*, no effort was made to conceal the names of the tenderers, and several people were allowed to have copies of the list, one being given to the telegraph office. 'In other loans I had kept the names secret,' said the Mayor, 'until the negotiations were completed, but it had been represented to me that financial men were anxious to know at the earliest opportunity whether their tenders were successful or not, so I concluded in this instance to make the list public as soon as possible.'"

Mr. J. J. Austin, the third candidate for the chief matistrate's chair, reviewed his position briefly and forcibly. It sometimes happened, he said, that the last called was the first chosen, and he hoped in might be so in his case. He was a firm believer in the doctrine of every man to his trade and did not deny the advantages and necessity at times of obtaining experts' advice. In such cases the best experts obtainable were the ones to deal with. He hoped that the incoming council would wisely administer affairs and that our own people would receive every consideration in the giving out of public work. He asked all to pull together for the city's good, and left himself in the hands of the electors.

Ald. Ledingham reviewed his actions in the council and his efforts to advance the city. He advocated the election of aldermen for a longer period than one year, and attacked Ald. Wilson for stealing his ideas and thunder during the year.

Senator McInnes wanted the incoming council to give attention to some scheme for the systematic relief of the poor, and the meeting broke up in some disorder, not forgetting, however, to pass the customary vote of thanks to the chair.

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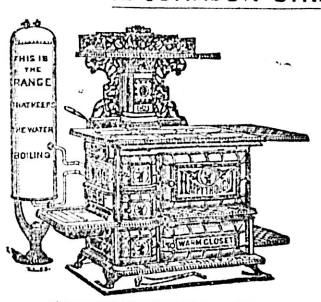

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Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—G F Zimmerman, Wm Marshall, Jas Keys, Mrs Richardson, Miss Richardson, Miss Richardson, F W Valle, G A Eckerly, W L Thompson, Mrs Thompson, Geo Folsom, A O Bingham, J McGee, H H Pratt, Mrs H M Kelsey, Mrs J Olliver, H E Kelsey, R Marenetts, H M Hammond, L Cullen.

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Per Steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—Alex Vye, Sam Lee, Dominion Express Co.

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